

MOUTRIE'S
HAVE THE
JULY
VICTOR
RECORDS.



The China Mail.

ESTABLISHED 1845

July 18, 1923, Temperature 79. Barometer 29.72 Rainfall 0.01 inch. Humidity 92 July 18, 1923, Temperature 80.

THE DOLLAR.
To-day's closing rate 2/2 13/16.
To-day's opening rate 2/2 13/16.



ALAN ROSS & CO.
(CHINA) LTD.
Sole Agents

No 18,931. 三拜禮 號八十月七年三十二百九十一英 HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, JULY 18, 1923. 日五初月六年癸亥歲年二十國民華中 PRICE, \$3.00 Per Month.

**NEW
VICTOR
RECORDS
TO-DAY.**

S. MOUTRIE & CO., LTD.



Expectant and Nursing Mothers

Find in Glaxo a most valuable aid, for, taken regularly two or three times a day by the mother herself (both before and after the birth of her baby), Glaxo not only maintains the Mother's own strength without taxing her digestion, but also enriches and increases the flow of breast milk. This is because milk makes milk, and Glaxo is the nourishing solids of the finest cow's milk, suitably modified and made germ-free and comfortably digestible by the Glaxo Process.

Should the breast milk fail from any cause, or not nourish Baby satisfactorily, Glaxo can be given to Baby in turn with the breast or as the sole food from birth, for it contains everything to nourish Baby and nothing to cause him harm.

Glaxo

is in continuous use by
**Over 1,200 Infant Welfare
Centres in Great Britain**

Glaxo is obtainable from all Chemists and High Class Dealers.
Sole Distributors for South China.
W. E. LUXLEY & CO., HONGKONG.

**A BIG DISCOUNT
ON ALL PURCHASES**

J. ULLMANN & CO.
34, Queen's Road Central.

DIVIDED ALLIES. COMMON POLICY ATTEMPTS.

FRAMING BRITAIN'S NOTE.
(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

LONDON, July 17.
It is understood that the British draft reply to Germany will be considered by the Cabinet tomorrow. It is not likely to reach the Allies before the week-end. It will be accompanied by a covering note expressing the Government's views why the German note merits an answer and what steps are believed necessary for a solution of the reparations problem.

In the meantime the Belgian Cabinet has discussed Mr. Stanley Baldwin's statement in connection with which a semi-official statement from Paris explains that M. Poincaré's speech at Senlis on Sunday should not be regarded as a reply, the Senlis speech having been written days before hand.

BRUSSELS, July 17.
The *Etoile Belge* says that the Belgian Government is very anxious for a collective reply to be sent to Germany.

PARIS, July 18.
Press opinion in the interval before receiving the British communication, which at first displayed a stiffening in favour of maintaining the Poincaré policy intact *coute que coute* has been noticeably modified and now expresses a desire to reach a common understanding with Britain.

In the meantime Dr. Benes, the Czechoslovakian Foreign Minister who is now in Paris after his visit to London and is endeavouring to bring about Anglo-French rapprochement, has interviewed M. Poincaré.

[M. Poincaré in an important speech at Senlis indirectly replying to Mr. Stanley Baldwin's statement, declared that France wished to make the Treaty of Versailles respected. The chief question was France's security. The replacement of the Reparations Committee by an international financial committee was not in the interests of France.]

OPEN AGAIN.

HISTORIC WESTMINSTER HALL.
FAMOUS ROOF REPAIRED.

LONDON, July 17.
In the presence of a great throng, including Members of Parliament, diplomats, and representatives of the Empire, the king reopened Westminster Hall which has been closed for eight years for restoration of the famous roof.

The King, in a speech, pointed out that the dangers and defects had been made good with the least possible interference to the design or original roof. He trusted that centuries of new life had been given to this masterpiece of British architecture.

[Westminster Hall adjoining the Houses of Parliament was built as a Banqueting Hall by William Rufus, and many courtly festivals were held there in succeeding centuries. King John established the Law Courts there. It now forms a gigantic hall, leading to the Houses of Parliament, but was once more used as a Banqueting Hall in August 1905, when the then Prime Minister, Mr. Arthur Balfour, entertained the officers of the French fleet there.]

DEFENCELESS.

WARNING TO AUSTRALIA.

PUBLIC LAXITY.

MELBOURNE, July 17.

The annual report of General Sir H. G. Chauvel, Inspector-General of Military Forces, presented in Parliament, is notably outspoken with regard to false ideas of the security of Commonwealth. He deplores the public's complacent acceptance of the drastic denuding of the defences, particularly in view of the fast diminishing value of ex-soldiers as a potential reserve. General Chauvel adds that it is impossible under the existing scheme to train an army to defend Australia.

FLIGHT TO JAVA.

DUTCH VENTURE.

AMSTERDAM, July 17.

A flight to Batavia, via Budapest, Constantinople, Aleppo, Basra, Benderabbas, Karachi, Allahabad, Calcutta, Rangoon, Bangkok, Medan, and Padang about the middle of next April is being planned by the airman Van der Hoop according to the *Telegraf*.

A committee presided over by Sir Henri Deterding, Director-General of the Royal Dutch Petroleum Co., is organising the flight. Large subscriptions have already been received and Government support has been promised.

SURGICAL CONGRESS.

LONDON, July 17.

The international surgical Congress was opened by the Prince of Wales in London this morning. There were several hundred delegates, representing every part of the world.

EMPIRE WIRELESS.

EASTERN TELEGRAPH INTEREST.

LICENCE SOUGHT.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

LONDON, July 17.
In the House of Commons, in answer to questions, the Postmaster-General said that the Eastern Telegraph Company had applied for a licence to build a high-powered wireless station in England in connection with the Empire wireless chain.

The company will have the same chances of obtaining a licence as the Marconi Company, so far as the Government is concerned.

The question of corresponding stations in India or the Dominions will be for the governments concerned.

A site of 800 acres has been purchased near Rugby for a high-power wireless station to cost about £50,000.

FOLLOW BRITAIN.

ADVICE TO YOUNG CHINA.

LANGUAGE BOND.

LONDON, July 17.

Mr. Chao Hsin-chu, Chinese *Chargé d'Affaires* speaking at the Chinese students' conference, recalled that English was the first foreign language taught in Chinese public schools. He remarked that English is now the diplomatic language and he hoped it would become universal. He pointed out that China possessed greater openings for educated young people than any other country. The Chinese nation expected much from those educated in Britain, which was the most advanced in civilisation—constitutional in form and democratic in spirit. Britain was the right country for China to follow.

HOME COUNTY CRICKET.

YORKS WIN: NOTTS LOSE.

LONDON, July 17.

At Dewsbury, Yorkshire defeated Essex by 280 runs. Rhodes scored 102 in Yorkshire's second innings.

Gloucestershire, at Bristol, lost to Sussex by 48 runs. Sussex's first innings amounted to 206, Parker obtaining 7 wickets for 83. Their second innings closed at 147, Dennett taking 5 wickets for 30.

Hampshire, at Southampton, defeated Notts by four wickets. Whysall compiled 101 in Notts' second innings. Kennedy (Hants) took 5 wickets for 52 and 6 for 75.

(Notts, by their defeat, lose the lead they have hitherto enjoyed in the County Championship. Yorkshire, from second place, now take the lead.)

At the Oval, Surrey led Lancashire on the first innings. Hobbs (Surrey) made 104 in the first innings and Tyldesley (Lanc.) compiled 236 in Lancs' second venture.

Worcestershire, at Northampton, led Northamptonshire on the first innings. Root obtained 5 wickets for 70 and 5 for 64, for Worcestershire.

SLUMP PASSING?

RUBBER STOCKS DOWN.

LONDON, July 18.

For the first time since December 18, 1920, the stocks of rubber in London last week fell below 50,000 tons, although too great a significance should not be attached to the reduction owing to recent over-purchasing by America who during the first six months of the year imported 100,000 tons.

It is not without importance, says the *Times*, as a measure of the improved intrinsic condition of the industry.

ALMOST READY.

NEAR EAST PEACE TREATY.

SIGNING DATE FIXED.

LAUSANNE, July 17.

A plenary sitting of the conference confirmed all the agreements reached between the Allies and the Turks and fixed July 24 for signing the peace treaty.

BRITAIN'S BISLEY SUCCESS.

LONDON, July 17.

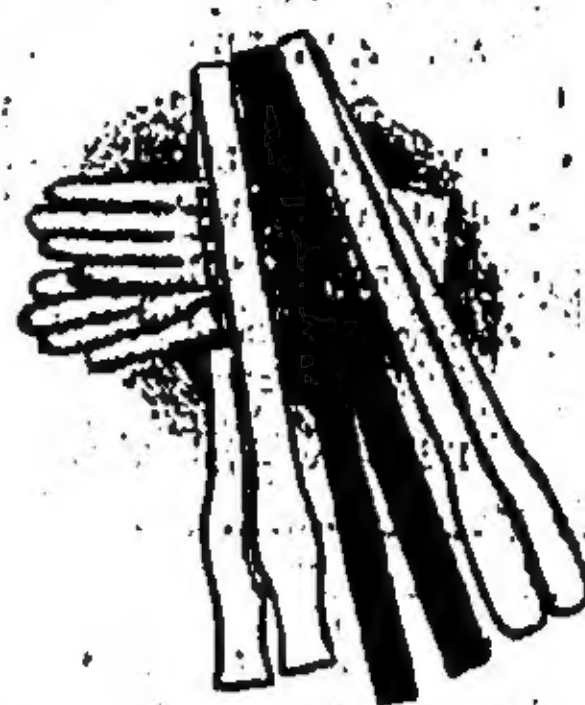
At Bisley the Kolapore cup was won by the Mother Country with 1,129 points. Canada was second with 1,113; followed by India with 1,082, the Gold Coast with 1,006, and Guernsey with 968.

BRITISH SEAMEN.

DUNKIRK MEMORIAL.

DUNKIRK, July 17.

A war memorial dedicated to British seamen in the form of a merchant service club, seamen's institute and memorial chapel, situated on the Quay, has been opened here by Princess Alice.



The new TAB TIE.

THE ONLY PERFECT DRESS TIE.
Fastens securely on to the collar stud, facilitates tying and cannot get out of place.
Stocked in Black Silk and White Figue in 2 shapes and all sizes from 14 to 17½ inches.

MACKINTOSH
& CO., LTD.

Men's Wear Specialists.

Alexandra Building.

Des Voeux Road.

Have you noticed how the cockroaches are increasing again? That is because you are not using

FLETCHER'S BEETLE VIRUS.

You can keep your house clear of these pests, if you apply the virus occasionally. And remember the Sole Distributors are

Tel. C. 345. FLETCHER & CO., LTD. Tel. C. 345.
THE PHARMACY.

Tel. Central 2313

P. O. Box 530

HAWTHORNE & PEARSON

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Tailors



and
Breeches Makers

St. George's Building,

Ice House Street.

(Next door Café Wiseman.)

GINS & LIQUEURS

FROM

ERVEN LUCAS BOLS.

CALOBECK, MACGREGOR & CO., LTD.
15, Queen's Road Central. Tel. Central 75.

We are manufacturers of
Felt Hats, Straw Hats,
Linen Hats, Topies, etc.



Manufactured in
HONGKONG
by the

NAM YUET HAT FACTORY
No. 1, Shaukiwan Road.

MEE WAH KNITTING & DYEING CO.

General Knitter & Dyers.
Manufacturers of Woolen Singlets, Jerseys, Sweaters &
all kinds of Underwear.
No. 1-12, Causeway Bay. Telephone Central 1301.
Manager: YEUNG POKWAI.

ECONOMY IN COAL.

Fuchien Lamp Coal stands for economy in coal rates. All lamp Coals have a large percentage of dust which are PRINCIPALLY WASTED. The dust in FUCHIEN Lamp Coals is blown into lamps as soon as they are sent into boilers. Fuchien lamp coal burns gradually, and is therefore a desired ECONOMY.

HING IP & CO.
Coal Merchants & Contractors. 71, Queen's Road Central. Tel. Central 878. Cable address: 'Hindian'.
Sole Agents for Fuchien Coal.
We stock in our godowns 12 grades of other Fuchien Coal.

DONNELLY & WHYTE.

WINE MERCHANTS. Tel. Cen. 638. Tel. Cen. 638.

SWATOW TRADING CO.

Tel. Central 2303. 6, Hongkong Hotel Building.
MANUFACTURERS
of Handsome Chinese Linen Drawn-work and Embroideries.
DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF SILK GOODS.
Mandarin Costumes of Various Design and Favourite-wares.

THE YUEK WO STORE

Harbour Repairs.
Engineering & Building Contractors, General Repairs & Shipchandlers.
Office No. 33, Tung Man Street, Phone Central 2560.
Workshop, Canton Road, Kowloon, Phone Kowloon 731.
Prep. I. LEUNG, Manager E. C. LEUNG.

LAMBERT BROS.

AUCTIONEERS, APPRAISERS
AND SURVEYORS.
Public Auctions.

HM Underlined have received insurance
claims to sell by Public Auction.

FRIDAY, July 20, 1923,
commencing at 11 a.m.
at No. 107 The Peak.

A Quantity of
Valuable Household Furniture,
Comprising—

Large oak Table, Occasional tables,
Chesterfield chairs (with covers)
Carpets, Rugs, Curtains, Brass Candel
Poles, Glassware, Standard lamp and
table lamps with shades etc., etc.
On View from Thursday the 19th
July, 1923.

Catalogues will be issued.
Terms:—Cash on delivery.

LAMBERT BROS.
Auctioneers,
Hongkong, July 13, 1923.

**FARES FOR PUBLIC
VEHICLES.**

The fares prescribed for public vehicles
are as follows:—
1.—In the Island of Hongkong, Cause
Road and Lower Levels, and in
Kowloon, and New Kowloon.

RICKSHAS.

Five minutes 5 cents
Ten minutes 10
Quarter hour 15
Half hour 20
One hour 30
Every subsequent hour 40

If the ricksha be engaged
within the City of Victoria, and be dis-
charged outside the Western part of the
City of Victoria after 9 p.m., or be dis-
charged to the East of Bay View Police
Station on the Eastern side of the City
of Victoria after 9 p.m., an extra half
fare shall be chargeable.

For 2 or 3 drivers the fare is double or
triple respectively.

11.—In the Hill District.

Ten minutes 15 cents
Quarter hour 20
Half hour 30
One hour 40
Every subsequent hour 50

12.—In the New Territories.

By arrangement with the proprietors
through the Police.

CHAIRS.

1.—Lower Levels.

With 2 Drivers With 4 Drivers.

Ten minutes 10 cents 20 cents
Quarter hour 15 30
Half hour 25 40
One hour 35 60
Every subsequent hour 45 80

2.—Hill District.

With 2 Drivers With 4 Drivers.

Ten minutes 15 cents 30 cents
Quarter hour 20 40
Half hour 30 60
One hour 40 80
Every subsequent hour 50 100

THE WATER SUPPLY.

Level and Storage of water in reservoirs
on the 1st July 1923.

CITY AND HILL DISTRICT WATER WORKS
LEVEL.

1922.	1923.
TYNAN (ft. in. Below overflow)	17 ft. 0 in. Below overflow
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Consumption of water in the City
and Hill District in millions and decimals
of gallons during the month of June.

Constant supply in all districts during
June 1923 with the exception of the Dis-
trict of Western District and Ararat
District to Hill District where Inter-
mittent Supply by Rider Main was
reported to be from 13th and 18th June
1923.

Intermittent Supply in all Rider Main
districts during June 1923.

KOWLOON WATER WORKS LEVEL.

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Restricted Supply in all districts from
8th to 23rd inclusive June 1923.

Restricted Supply in all districts up to
17th June 1923.

The Government Analyst's report shows
that the quality of the water is satisfac-
tory.

Total Rainfall to 20th June 1923 is 5.07 in.

Water Authority
Public Works Department.

When You Eat Too Much.
Distress in the stomach after eating is
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Hongkong Granite.

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MADE OF WHITE LINEN CANVAS BEAUTIFULLY
FINISHED, AND LASTING WEAR.

The China Mail.

HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, JULY 18, 1923.

PUBLIC HEALTH.

With our public health laws openly declared obsolete, we always await Sanitary Board meetings with some misgiving, never quite sure that we shall not hear something very unpleasant. Yesterday we were not disappointed, though it must be said at the outset that the Public Health and Building Ordinance, but with our water supply. Ever vigilant, Dr. Koch had sought facts about typhoid—how many cases had there been this year and was it possible to trace the source of infection? The Medical Officer of Health (Dr. W. W. Pearse) went into details, which, boiled down in his own words, indicated that "we should have much less typhoid than we have got." After some adroit questioning, the Chairman (Mr. G. B. Sayer), naturally anxious for the Government's good name, established the fact that the epidemic was not due to any contamination of the water used in the Colony, otherwise our medical men would have expected the outbreak to have occurred with explosive force, to have involved many hundreds of persons and to have shown a very high incidence amongst the non-Chinese community, whereas the incidence on the non-Chinese has, however, not been greater than can be accounted for by the reaction of Chinese cases on non-Chinese. Unless Mr. Sayer was endeavouring to exonerate the Government completely, we think he would better have left well alone. Dr. Pearse had already stated very clearly that the infection was not caused by any contamination in the water, and laboured this point, Mr. Sayer only made the case against the Government the blacker. After remarking that the water here has "a high degree of initial purity," Dr. Pearse showed how it might become contaminated after delivery,

especially when the supply was intermittent, for then people were apt to keep reserves which could become infected with the typhoid bacteria. Furthermore, the Chinese, he said, even obtained water from nullahs and other sources of doubtful purity to augment their scanty supplies from the public mains. Accordingly, Dr. Pearse laid it down that it has not been the quality of the water which has been the probable cause of the typhoid epidemic but the want of sufficient water to maintain a constant supply. Now that is very grave. And the question naturally arises—what shall be done? The way the Chairman saw this question was: "Why can't we get more water?" But the answer is not the one he gave—"We cannot control the rain." Otherwise there had been no water supply and no city at all. Are there not water supply schemes? Are there not men who can gauge the Colony's needs five, ten, twenty years hence? Surely there are. Then it is simply this. The Government has failed to keep pace with the times; it has allowed the Colony's needs to outstrip the supply until to-day the city's very health is not secure. Indeed what did Dr. Pearse say?—"A somewhat analogous outbreak of a water-borne disease occurred in the year 1902 when the Colony was short of water and the Chinese were restricted to a small daily intermittent supply. Water was then also collected and stored by the Chinese under insanitary conditions and an epidemic of cholera, to the extent of nearly 600 cases, occurred." Yet despite this warning, the supply is still inadequate. And what is even worse, the disparity between the supply and the demand is steadily growing. Under the Shing Mun Valley scheme, however, tapping Tai Mo Shan's vast gathering grounds, the supply will be placed on a permanent basis and the risk of shortage will entirely disappear for some very considerable time. That happy day is not here yet, and with several tight years still before us (unless the rains forsake recent tactics) it is timely to point out that the Colony would never have found itself in the present anxious pass had there been that co-operation between the Water Authority and the Sanitary Department which Dr. Koch urged yesterday. The moral is plain.

Chinese and Mexico.

Though it was very plainly hinted in the Summary Court yesterday that there were special pecuniary advantages in the shape of "squeeze" attached to the post, the job of the Consul for Mexico in Hongkong cannot have been altogether a bad of forces during the last year or two. The gentleman who held the post in 1921 found himself in a nasty tangle when his Government suddenly issued an order excluding Chinese several months before the treaty permitting Chinese immigration had expired. Under this order an exception was made in favour of Chinese previously resident in Mexico and on the strength of this local shipping companies engaged in the Pacific trade granted passages to Chinese who were able to furnish satisfactory proof of previous residence. Hundreds of these people were on the water when a new order was issued prohibiting the entry of all Chinese except consular and diplomatic representatives. Some of the shipping companies had to bring several hundred passengers back at their own expense and the Mexican Government got very unpopular indeed. Judging from the somewhat unique action heard before Mr. Justice Gompertz yesterday it is still unwise for a Chinese with a stake in the country to come away from Mexico if he wants to go back there again.

Vaccination.

Regarding the vaccination campaign proposed by Dr. Pearse (the Medical Officer of Health) at yesterday's Sanitary Board meeting, it will not be out of place to mention a few facts which may not be known to the public, particularly the European section. No doubt, the campaign will mostly be among the Chinese lower classes, who have an entirely wrong conception of vaccination, its benefits and its necessity. This hostility is due directly to the lack of education and indirectly to the enthusiasm of some of the volunteers who carried out a campaign some years ago. Smallpox was rife that year and volunteers were called to help in the work of vaccinating as many people as possible. Most of the lower classes were, and still are, unwilling to be vaccinated as they consider it harmful and unnecessary. In the course of rounds, people in the streets were dragged to the stations posted at various places. Some of the volunteers even went to the extent of calling on big shops and godowns and rounding out workers who had not been vaccinated. As some of the volunteers were accompanied by district watchmen, an impression was created that the authorities had made vaccination imperative. People believed that they had to be vaccinated whether they wished to or not and considerable ill-feeling was engendered, some going to the extent of keeping indoors till the campaign was over. From the foregoing, it would seem desirable that educational propaganda should first be launched before the actual campaign commences. It should also be explained whether the people can exercise their own choice in the matter or not. That vaccination is effective and does no harm, to use Dr. Koch's words, should be brought home to every household.

To-day's Poem.

O well for him who lives at ease
With garnered gold in wide domain,
Nor needs the plucking of the rain,
The crashing down of forest trees.

O well for him who ne'er hath
known
The travail of the hungry years,
A father grey with grief and tears,
A mother weeping all alone.

But well for him whose feet hath
trod
The weary road of toil and strife,
Yet from the sorrow of his life
Builds ladders to be nearer God.

OSCAR WILDE.

SHADOWS BEFORE.

Coming Events Advertised
in The Mail.

ENTERTAINMENTS.

July 18.—Coronet Theatre; Irvin V. Willat in "Partners of the Tide."
July 18.—World Theatre; Thomas Carrigan in "Checkers."
July 18.—Star Theatre; Nicola, the World's Greatest Magician and Illusionist.
July 18.—Band Night at the Peak Club at 9.30 p.m.
July 21.—Star Theatre; The Great Nicola. 5 p.m. Matinee for children.
July 21.—Band Concert, Volunteer parade ground, 9.15 p.m.
PUBLICATIONS.
July 20.—Lummet Bros., 107, the Peak, furniture, 11 a.m.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Philatelists should be interested in the announcement made by our local stamp "merchants," Messrs. Graca & Co., of the consignment of Challenge stamp albums they have received.

A telegram to the *Daily Bulletin*, dated Peking July 16 states that the situation at Changsha is improving, and several Japanese residents are reported to be returning to their homes.

Invitations have been issued by Captain J. Riepenhausen on behalf of the owners, to inspect the s.s. "Sarpodon" on Monday August 6th, on the occasion of that vessel's first trip to the Far East.

Dr. W. W. Yen has returned to Peking from Peltatho, and the Cabinet is trying to persuade him to become Chairman of the Financial Commission. It is not likely that he will consent before Wang Ko-min's return to Peking, according to a telegram to the *Daily Bulletin*.

A message to the *Daily Bulletin*, dated Peking July 17 reads: It is reported that the Government has ordered that the preparatory bureau of the National Mint at Shanghai be converted into a permanent organ, and has appointed Chu Yen-chi superintendent of the Mint.

In the Marine Court this morning, before Commander Beckwith R.N., ten Chinese fishermen were fined \$10 each for infringing Harbour Regulations. They were charged with "carrying incandescent lights on their boats in such a position to confuse navigation between the Nine Pins and Tat Tong Channel" on July 17. Lance-Sergeant R. Keen proved the offences.

As will be seen from our advertisement columns the Harbour Authorities give notice that from the 23rd inst., two junks will be employed in taking soundings and borings in the Harbour on a line from Statue Pier to Holt's wharf. Indications are given whereby the junks can be distinguished either by night or day, and vessels are warned to give these junks a safe berth and to proceed at slow speed when passing.

The local *Tai Kwong Po* says that a number of leading Chinese residents have called on Hon. Mr. A. G. M. Fletcher, the Colonial Secretary, who is said to have announced that in deference to the wishes of the Chinese community, the proposal to instal water meters in the rider-main districts will be withdrawn. Mr. Fletcher is also quoted as saying that he agreed with the statements in the letter written by the Chinese General Chamber of Commerce on the subject.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

Sir Charles Eliot, H. B. M. Ambassador to Japan, who has been in England on leave, sailed for the East on July 9.

Mr. Yoshizawa, the newly appointed Japanese Minister to China, was expected to arrive in Peking on Tuesday evening, according to a dispatch to the *Daily Bulletin*.

From the *Hague Reuter* announces the death from blood-poisoning, of the novelist, Louis Couperus, author of "Old People and the Things that Pass," "The Later Life," and "Small Souls."

According to a *Reuter* message from Patna, it is understood there that Sayid Hassam Imam, former Judge of the Calcutta High Court, has been invited to represent India at the forthcoming meeting of the League of Nations.

At All Saints' Church, Hertford to-day, the marriage takes place of Mr. John Kidston Swire and Miss Juliet Barclay. In honour of the occasion, all the steamers and launches in harbour of Messrs Buterfield and Swire, dressed, ship to-day. Mr. Swire, who is a partner in the firm was well-known here in the days before the war. In December 1914 he left here and joined the Essex Yeomanry with which he saw service throughout the war.

A dinner in honour of the Hon. Mr. R. H. Kotewall and Hon. Mr. Chau Siu-ki was given at the Ching Tin Restaurant on Monday night. The hosts were the directors of the Tung Wah and Kwong Wah Hospitals. Mr. Wong Ping-sun, Chairman of Tung Wah Hospital, presided, being supported by Mr. Yuen Pak-leung, Chairman of the Kwong Wah Hospital. After the usual loyal toasts had been honoured, the Chairman paid glowing tributes to the evening who, he said, had been deservedly honoured by their appointment as representatives of the Chinese Community on the Legislative Council. Mr. Kotewall and Mr. Chau Siu-ki replied, thanking the Chairman for his good wishes.

LINCHENG OUTRAGE.

WHAT THE POWERS WILL DEMAND.

FOREIGN CAPTIVES' CLAIMS.

PEKING, July 17.

The Diplomatic Corps Committee has concluded its investigation into the Lincheng outrage. It is understood that it has decided to demand 8,500 silver dollars for each foreign captive; besides personal losses, also the dismissal of the Tuchen of Shantung and the lesser officials, and the organisation of railway guards under foreign officers. [About 1,000 bandits derailed the express train from Pukow to Tientsin at Lincheng, Shantung, and carried off 300 passengers, including some foreigners. One foreigner was killed and two Chinese seriously wounded. Twenty-three Chinese and six foreigners escaped. All the captives were eventually released after the bandits had been promised their terms.]

SCRAPS OF WIT.

A COMMONPLACE BOOK.

A NOT UNORIGINAL IDEA.

(Specially Contributed.)

I have been interested to find that what I have been doing for 6 years, no less a person than Dean Inge has been doing for 40 years. He says:

"For nearly forty years I have kept a commonplace book, in which I have written down, in seven or eight languages, scraps of other people's wit and wisdom, sense and nonsense, which have come my way in the course of miscellaneous reading, or in conversation. This manuscript volume is the most amusing book in my library. It is a hotch-potch of all subjects, grave and gay, ranging from religion and philosophy, through politics, satire, and shrewd observations upon life, to comic misprints and schoolboy blunders."

It has occurred to the Dean that some morsels from this feast of reason and unreason may interest his readers, and it is for this reason that I venture to submit a few selections from my commonplace book in the hope not merely that they may prove interesting, but that they may excite others either to keep such a book, or to give extracts from their own gleanings. It may not be an original pastime, but after all "What is originality? Undetected plagiarism." The Dean's selection, in spite of the seven languages is not formidable in its quality. It is just what one would expect. I give two before passing on to my own little patch.

"There has only been one Christian, and he died 'on the cross' (Nietzsche) and

Here lies
Sir John Guiso;
Nobody laughs,
Nobody cries,
Where he has gone
And how he fares,
Nobody knows,
Nobody cares."

Here are a few of my own "leaves of grass" unclassified and put down haphazard.

"It requires understanding to love one's friends." (DE BALZAC.)
"Most people live for love and admiration. But it is by love and admiration that we should live. If any love is shown us we should recognise that we are quite unworthy of it. Nobody is worthy to be loved. The fact that God loves man shows us that in the divine order of ideal things it is written that Eternal love is to be given to, what is eternally unworthy. Or, if that phrase seems to be a bitter one to bear, let us say that every one is worthy of love, except he who thinks that he is. Love is a sacrament that should be taken kneeling, and *Domine, non sum dignus* should be on the lips and in the hearts of those who receive it." (OSCAR WILDE.)

"The thieving Love—cruel bee once stung him, as he was rifling honey from the hive, and pricked his finger-tips all; then he was in pain, and blew upon his hand, and leaped, and stamped the ground. And then he showed his hurt to Aphrodite, and made much complaint, how that the bee is a tiny creature, and yet what wounds it deals! And his mother laughed out, and said, 'Art thou not even such a creature as the bees, for tiny art thou, but what wounds thou dearest!' (THEOCRITUS.)

"The glory of the world would be lost in oblivion if God had not provided mortals with a remedy in books. . . . Towers are razed to the earth, cities are overthrown, triumphal arches mouldered to dust; . . . as long as the book exists the author cannot perish." (RICHARD DE BURY, 1345.)

"In the true man there is a child hidden; it waiteth to play." (NEPHEWESS.)
"A gentleman is a man who always tries to put in a little more than he takes out." (BERNARD SHAW.)

"If you wish to have little spare time, do nothing." (ANTON TENEKHOV.)

"The first day a man is a guest. The second a burden. The third a pest." (LABOZLAVER.)
"To think of a smart but unkind thing and not to say it for fear of hurting the feelings of the person addressed is, according to Lavator, a sign of the possession of the highest self-control and is the most self-sacrificing thing to do." (R. K. SHERARD.)

"I recognise no sign of superiority in mankind other than goodness. Where the character is not great there is no great man; there is not a great artist nor a great man of action; there are only idols unearthed for the cheap and short-lived applause of the multitude. Time will efface them altogether." (BERTHOVEN.)

"If you have not known poverty, heart-lunger and mis-understanding, God has overlooked you, and you are to be pitied." (HUBMANN.)
"To make an end of selfishness is happiness. This is the greatest happiness, to subdue the selfish thought of 'I.' (TEACHING OF BUDDHA.)

"A wayfarer passing along the highway came upon three stone-masons cutting stone in a great quarry."

"What are you doing, friend?" he asked one of the masons.

"Trimming the stone, can't you see?" was the answer.

"Turning to the second mason, the wayfarer said, 'What are you doing, my friend?'"

"Working for my wages," replied the mason.

"And you?" the wayfarer asked the third mason, 'What are you doing?'"

"I am helping to build a cathedral," came the reply. (FROM THE WORLD TO-MORROW.)

"The Worldly Hope men set their hearts upon

Turns Ashes—or it prospers; and anon,
Like Snow upon the Desert's
dusty Face

Lighting a little Hour or two—is gone." (OSCAR WILDE.)

A gentleman is such, simply because he has not the doctrine of getting on and the habit of it. For this reason a poor peasant and a true artist are gentlemen." (J. B. YEATS.)

"Some women are like salads. The impression they make depends entirely on the dressing." (PHILANDER JOHNSON.)

"The upper and lower jaws mutually assist each other; if the lips shrivel, then must the teeth catch cold." (TAO CHUAN.)

"It is not the length of existence that counts, but what is achieved during that existence." (LIEUT. GLADSTONE TO HIS MOTHER.)

The Rev. Sydney Smith threatens his little granddaughter with awful penalties for omitting to stamp his letter properly.

"Oh, you little wretch! your letter cost me fourpence. I will pull all the plums out of your puddings; I will undress your dolls and steal their under petticoats; you shall have no currant jelly to your rice; I will kiss you till you cannot see out of your eyes; when nobody else will kiss you, I will do so; I will fill you so full of sugar plums that they shall run out of your nose and ears; lastly, your frocks shall be so short that they shall not come below your knees. Your loving grandfather." (SYDNEY SMITH.)

LUCKY WINNERS.

PROGRAMMES WORTH FIVE DOLLARS.

Holders of Star Theatre programmes No. 104 and World Theatre programme No. 11, the former issued on Saturday, the 14th inst., and the latter during the period Sunday, the 16th to Tuesday, the 17th inst., are asked to send their programmes to the China Mail office, when coupons for \$5 each will be forwarded entitling holders to the equivalent in goods at any of the advertisers in the *China Mail*. Patrons of the three principal theatres are advised to retain their programmes.

INTO THE SEA.

VOLCANIC ISLANDS
DISAPPEAR.

[China Mail Special.]

SINGAPORE, July 17.

The P. & O. liner "Malwa" reports that recently emerged volcanic islands off the Indo-China coast have disappeared.

PEKING'S CABINET.

ONLY TWO MINISTERS
ATTEND.

PEKING, July 17.

Only two Ministers attended the Cabinet office to-day, and consequently there was no meeting. Mr. Kao Ling-wei is reported to be ill.—*Courtesy Daily Bulletin*.

MANILA CABINET.

FILIPINO MEMBERS ALL
RESIGN.

MANILA, July 18.

The entire Filipino Cabinet and members of the Council of State resigned last night at 11.30 o'clock, following differences over the authority of the Governor General in matters relating to the integral Government. The resignations have been accepted.—*Reuter*.

MOTOR TRIALS.

PUBLIC MEETING APPOINTS
COMMITTEE.

At a meeting, arranged by the *Hongkong Telegraph* and held in the Hongkong Hotel last evening, it was decided to hold motor car and cycle trials on a date to be arranged later.

Mr. A. Hicks presided and supporting him were Messrs. B. Wyllie, C. D. Lambert and P. M. Hodgson, the last two gentlemen representing the Hongkong Automobile Association.

The Chairman explained to the meeting how he had been approached to sound the public on the subject through the columns of the *Telegraph* and expressed gratification at the manner in which the suggestion of holding trials had been supported.

Mr. Hodgson said that as Secretary of the Automobile Association he would like to say that the Association would give the movement their whole-hearted support.

The following were elected to form the Committee: Messrs. C. D. Lambert, J. Smith, P. M. Hodgson, E. Hewitt, F. Baker, J. Parsons, A. Hicks, Saunders, the Rev. Mr. Upshall and Commander C. W. Beckwith.

It was decided that any licensed motor car or cycle owner be entitled to take part. Competitors need not necessarily drive their own cars. Suggestions for the holding of hill-climbing contests, reliability trials and speed contests were made by Mr. Lambert, who pointed out that Chin Wan Hill in the New Territory was a suitable place for holding the hill-climbing contests. These suggestions are to be taken up by the Committee.

TENNIS.

SHIELDS PRESENTATION
AND MEDALS.

The Shields in the "A" and "B" Divisions in connection with the Hongkong Lawn Tennis Association will be presented to the winners by Mrs. Grace wife of Commodore Grace at the Indian Recreation ground on Saturday July 28th. On the same day the I.R.C. will hold their annual "At Home" and Mrs. Grace will also present the Prizes won in their Annual Tournament.

There will be matches, Winners versus the Rest in both Divisions and the teams to represent the Rest will be published as soon as the result of the triangular play off in the second Division is completed. C.R.C. have still to play Kowloon "B" but should have no difficulty in winning. The first match of the play off I.R.C. versus the University is to be played on the C.R.C. ground on Thursday evening.

LEAGUE TABLE.

"B" DIVISION.

	P.	W.	L.	Pts.
I.R.C.	10	9	1	9
C.R.C.	10	9	1	9
University	10	6	4	9
Queen's College	9	6	3	6
K.C.C. "A"	10	5	5	5
C. de Recreo	8	4	4	4
C.C.C. "B"	10	4	6	4
K.C.C. "B"	9	3	6	3
C.S.C.C.	10	3	7	3
N.T.C.	10	1	9	1
C.C.C. "A"	10	0	10	0

Can You Afford the Risk?
Were you ever seized with a severe attack of cramp colic or diarrhoea with out a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in the home? Don't take such risks. A dose or two will save you before a doctor could possibly be called, and it never fails even in the most severe and dangerous cases. For sale by all Chemists and Stockkeepers.

CORRESPONDENCE.

WHY MATINEE IDOLS ARE SHOT.

(To the Editor of the China Mail.)

Sir,—With reference to the report in the China Mail in connection with the shooting of the Chinese actor, Long Yuen-kyan, I am pleased to enlighten you and the public, pro bono publico, with the reason of the frequent murder of Chinese actors.

I do not say that it is the case with the above incident, but it is the common knowledge with the Chinese that the gorgeous dresses of the actors, their excellent acting and beautiful love songs, coupled with a little courting of beautiful girls, generally well-to-do ones, make these girls so crazy that they frequent the theatre so much and make costly presents beyond their means to the actors, and some even go so far as to make frequent clandestine meetings with them, that husbands invariably come to know, and the result is the hiring of secret society men and just revenge is done very cheaply.

I would suggest that ladies accompanied by gentlemen should not be allowed in any Chinese theatre.

Yours, etc.,
Hongkong, July 17.

READER.

SECRET SOCIETY WORK?

A well-known local resident writes that he thinks the recent case may turn out to be one of private vengeance or of unsuccessful blackmailing. "In either case the hand of some Secret Society is employed. I know the police are doing their utmost to unearth Secret Societies but how often can a conviction be obtained!"

"ONE FOR THE JOCKEYS."

(To the Editor of the China Mail.)

Sir,—I have read with interest the remarks of "Argus" under the headings of "A plea for the Starter," and "The Local Turf," and consider that in the latter article especially he lays far too much emphasis on the "Youngsters" as he calls them (I presume he is here referring to experience in racing the starter) as being the cause of the bad starts. "This appears to be yet another effort to take all the blame off the starter."

At the last Gymkhana there were only two races in which there were jockeys riding who had not ridden in at least a dozen or so Gymkhana, and the majority of the jockeys had ridden in many times more than a dozen. In the case of the "B" Class—the worst start of the day—with only one exception, every jockey in that race had previously faced the starter at least 25 times in Hongkong and yet "Mr. Argus" holds out these "Youngsters" as the cause of such bad starts. I contend that at the last Gymkhana, if we had had six of China's picked jockeys, in any race of six starters, the start would have been just as bad.

If the "Youngsters" referred to should on occasions interfere with a good start, then this can quite easily be remedied by the Stewards taking the matter in hand and making it a practice for a rider to get permission from the Stewards to ride in the races. This would give the Stewards an opportunity to consider whether the rider is sufficiently qualified to ride in a race or not, on the other hand the Stewards are quite capable of giving the rider in question a good kicking off.

I have a great measure of respect for our present starter, inasmuch that I always got a fair start with him, and he has given up his spare time so often to come down and help us along at several meetings, but it is only ridiculing the standard of Hongkong racing to put all the cause of a bad start down to the jockeys, as a good starter is able to handle a field of beginners much easier than a field of our "Whilly" friends who come down from Shanghai "to beat us at the start."

The matter of a gate start has already been discussed and found impracticable on such a small race course, and you will find that 99 per cent. of the owners and jockeys still favour the "Flag."

I consider the efforts of "Mr. Argus" might be more profitably used in connection with the improvement of the supervision of the "Pari-mutuel."

Enclosing my card, with compliments.

Yours, etc.,

OWNER & JOCKEY.

Hongkong, July 17.
[The views expressed in yesterday's article "The Local Turf," were those of persons interviewed by Argus. The question of the pari-mutuel was dealt with in a leaderette in the China Mail of July 9.—Ed.]

PASSPORT CONFUSION.

(To the Editor of the China Mail.)

Sir,—With reference to the remarks made by Mr. M. K. Lo at

THAT BAND RECITAL

LAST NIGHT AND NEXT SATURDAY NIGHT.

We are looking forward to Saturday's band recital and concert at the Volunteer Headquarters with a great amount of interest. Our appetite was whetted afresh by attending, uninvited and unannounced, the weekly recital, held last evening in the enclosure at the foot of Garden Road. We were very tired but these crumbs from the table of the Great White-clothed refreshed us not a little, despite the fact that we had to cling to those iron bars, shift from one foot to another (we weigh thirteen stone and a bit), as Barrie would say, and so much blubbery avoid-uis on two feet for any length of time induces distress and catch glimpses of the Great Ones (the band included) through the interstices of the said iron bars. We are going to pluck up courage one of these days and write to the Commanding Officer suggesting that as there are a number of granite seats around a circular piece of masonry, inside the enclosure suggesting the work of the ancient Druids, we might, on some Tuesday evening, be allowed to repose our self-effacing presence on one of the seats. We will waive the question of the dinner, which is a piece of self-abnegation proving our desire to listen to the music in comfort. Last night's performance drew the usual crowd. There was our friend Ho Deah Mei, No. 10, Tick Heah, Ah Gum, Lio On, and quite a few grimy ones who in passing from their honest occupations of scrapping some part of a ship, stopped by the way and gathered these offerings of the gods. We stayed only to listen to three pieces, all of which seemed colourless, save that they gave opportunity for some delightful flute and piccolo playing on the part of one of the bandsmen and revealed the fact that the conductor knows his business. We are looking forward to Saturday night if only for the fact that we shall be able to sit in comfort and drink it all in. We hope a few hundred others are doing the same.

FIRE DANGERS.

CARELESS GROCERS FINED.

Carelessness on the part of grocers in storing kerosene oil was alleged in Mr. C. Dr. Melbourne's court this morning when Detective Acting Sub-Inspector Lane prosecuted two shopkeepers of Shanghai Street, Yaumatei.

The first one had an expired permit for forty gallons. Inspector Lane, on a visit, found that he had 24 gallons stored properly in the underground tank but 4 gallons in the shop, amongst firewood, candles &c. Defendant pleaded ignorance.

Mr. Melbourne, inflicting a fine of \$25 pointed out the danger of fire.

A second defendant admitted that he had his full quota of 40 gallons in his tank and 20 gallons outside, pleading that the latter had just been taken out for delivery to a client. Inspector Lane informed his Worship that the 20 gallons were stacked up in a rear room amongst firewood, charcoal and cooking-oil and did not have the appearance of having been just taken out. He added that all kerosene must be placed in an approved underground tank with an iron covering.

This defendant was fined \$50.

yesterday's Summary Court I would like to bring a few facts to your notice. I have been an exporter of goods to Chinese in America for over twenty years.

Our business includes the receiving of remittances from our clients abroad for their families in the interior and in return we make arrangements for their clausmen and themselves to go or return to their foreign interests. There are a fair number of South and Central American Consuls in the Colony. Some of these employ compradores. They may not be known by this designation but one or two have put up signboards to this effect. Chinese who have dealings with them prefer to deal with the Consul direct as a middleman sometimes causes delay. There are other reasons as well, but I really think that if these were sifted they would be found to be groundless. The Chinese would also appreciate more official announcements by the Consul as misunderstanding which has led to endless trouble has been caused in recent years. There have been shiploads of Chinese emigrants who after several months have embarked on ships that they are not allowed to land. Pronouncements as to conditions in the different countries would be very much appreciated and the Chinese would be the first to show their gratitude if a Consul went out of his way slightly to impart knowledge to applicants for passage.

Yours, etc.,

SZE TO TUNG-SUN,

Wai Fat Yuen Firm,

Queen's Road Central,

Hongkong, July 18.

CRIMINAL LESSONS.

A SHORT LIST.

"MAKING A FORTUNE."

The Chief Justice (Sir William Rees Davies, K.C.) found an unusually short list confronting him when he took his seat at the July Criminal Sessions this morning. There were only four cases altogether; one of them concerned an unnatural offence with which an Indian and a Chinese were jointly charged.

Lo Po, who, as the result of a police raid on a coal coolies' boarding house, was found in possession of two revolvers, three daggers and 19 rounds of ammunition, was sentenced to two years' jail.

Wau Shui, who admitted a charge of robbery and was stated to have been one of a gang that raided a matshed in a small village north of Samshui, was sentenced to five years' jail. The Chief Justice, warning the prisoner to keep away from the Criminal Court in future, said that if it had been shown that arms were used he should have imposed the cat in addition to imprisonment.

Electing to stand his trial, another Chinese was arraigned for the possession of a loaded revolver. Evidence adduced in support of the charge by Mr. Dyer Ball showed that the prisoner was arrested, as the result of information given to the police, on the road from Kowloon City to Sai Kung on the afternoon of June 10 with the weapon tucked into his waistband. The man who informed the police gave evidence to the effect that the prisoner and two other men proposed to "make a fortune by committing a highway robbery."

Inspector Clarke said that the informer had been employed by the police in one other case that he knew of.

"If you take my advice," said the Chief Justice to the informer severely after questioning him at some length, "you will try and get your living in another way."

In reply to the Chief Justice the prisoner said he knew it was illegal to carry a revolver without a licence but he was so poor that when he was asked to oblige by carrying the revolver in return for a reward he agreed to do so. He suggested that a fair decision would be that he and the informer should be bound together in chains and thrown into the harbour.

The Chief Justice—Yes, that might facilitate matters.

Without leaving the box the jury returned a verdict of "guilty." Sentencing the prisoner to two years' jail, His Honour said it was immaterial whether the other man gave him the revolver or not.

EDITOR'S DEATH.

LOCAL CHINESE PAPER'S LOSS.

We regret to record the death of Mr. Chan Dow-wun, who has been Managing Editor of the local Wah Teze Yat Po for over thirty years.

Mr. Chan was fifty-six years of age. He had been suffering from partial paralysis for some four months and entered the French Hospital last week. Unfortunately, he made little progress and passed away yesterday.

His funeral takes place to-day, when the remains will be removed to the Tung Wah Hospital repository pending burial.

A native of the Sun Wui district, the late Mr. Chan was, with his father, among the early Cantonese students of English. His father, after being Chinese Consul to Cuba, was associated with Mr. Murray Bain, Senr., on the China Mail and the deceased gentleman was also accountant to the China Mail in his younger days. After his father had, with Mr. Murray Bain, established the Wah Teze Yat Po, Mr. Chan's interests were devoted entirely to the vernacular paper.

As a mark of appreciation of his services the Wah Teze Yat Po will not publish to-morrow.

FOOD PRICES.

EFFECTS OF THE WEST RIVER DISORDER.

Up to this morning, there has been no arrival from Wuchow since Monday although the s.s. "Kwoing Fook Chuang" was expected last night.

Poultry stocks in the whole sale depots have shrunk further and the supply is very small. In crates, chickens were sold at 94 cents per lb.

The Pork Guild has decided that its members are not to compete for the small lots which get in so as to make the price prohibitive. Lots will be drawn for and whole sale purchasing prices will be restricted to 26 taels per picul for lots over 1,000-head which is equivalent to about 27 cents per lb.; for lots under 600 the price will be 28 taels per picul which is about 29 cents per lb.

THE COLONY'S HEALTH.

During the 24 hours ending July 16 the figures of notifiable diseases reported are: plague 3 (10); small-pox 15 (13); diphtheria 1; enteric 7 (8); meningitis 4 (5); puerperal fever 1 (1); influenza (not notifiable) 2. All patients are Chinese, except one British typhoid case and one Portuguese down with influenza.

THE WEEKLY RETURNS.

The figures for the week ending July 14 (with deaths during period in parentheses) are: plague 3 (10); small-pox 15 (13); diphtheria 1; enteric 7 (8); meningitis 4 (5); puerperal fever 1 (1); influenza (not notifiable) 2. All patients are Chinese, except one British typhoid case and one Portuguese down with influenza.

Jumping off a moving tram at Eastern Street yesterday, a Chinese girl, fifteen years of age, received such serious injuries that she died shortly after being taken to hospital.

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS.



NOTICE.

TO OWNERS AND DRIVERS OF MOTOR VEHICLES.

The Coastal Road between Castle Peak and Tsun Wan is closed to Motor Traffic. The Coastal Road from the junction of the Tai Po Road to Tsun Wan is now open to traffic.

E. D. C. WOLFE,
Captain Superintendent of Police.
Hongkong, July 18, 1923.

PEAK CHURCH.

On the remaining Sundays in July and the Sundays in August there will be Evening Service at 6.30 at the Peak Church. The Preacher on July 22nd will be Rev. J. Kirk Macdonald and on the following Sundays the Rev. A. D. Stewart. All Seats are free.

NICOLA

will be

HANGED

on the

PRAYA

NEAR BLAKE PIER

TO-MORROW

at 1 p.m.

A Letter from

THE GREAT NICOLA

To Hongkong Amusements, Ltd.

Gentlemen,

With regard to the forthcoming feat which I propose to perform in public under your management, viz., to allow myself to be strapped into a straight waistcoat and then to be hung by my feet in the air, I undertake to free myself from my bonds in the head downwards position, I beg to inform you that you are hereby entirely relieved from all responsibility for my safety in this connexion. Should any injury be caused to myself you are held entirely blameless.

You may make what use you please of this letter.

I am, Gentlemen,
Faithfully yours,
W. NICOLA.

Hongkong, July 18th, 1923.

SUNCRUSH

ORANGE

IS THE JUICE OF

PURE ORANGES

TAIKOO DOCK.

RIVER STEAMERS BEING BUILT.

The Taikoo Dockyard & Engineering Company of Hongkong, Limited have under construction, for Chinese owners, two River Steamers 233 feet long, 42 feet beam, and 12 feet depth with a speed of 13 knots. The vessels will be fitted with staterooms for 40 first class passengers and accommodation for about 700 second and third class. These two vessels, which will be in service in about ten months' time, will be a valuable addition to the increasing number of first class steamers which have their terminus in Hongkong. Mr. G. W. Young, of the Taikoo Dock Co., informed a China Mail representative this morning that he was not in a position to disclose the names of the Chinese owners, but he understood that the new vessels would probably be placed on the run to Kowloon.

Other work in hand at Taikoo is a launch for the Asiatic Petroleum Co., whilst a large pontoon is also under construction.

ALL SAFE.

"RHEXENOR" REACHES KOBE.

On enquiry at Messrs. Butterfield and Swire's, Agents for the Blue Funnel Line, a China Mail reporter was told that the s.s. "Rhexenor," which went ashore in the Indian Sea of Japan last Thursday, had safely reached Kobe. After going into dry-dock to undergo repairs, if any are needed, the vessel will resume her voyage.

Don't Neglect Your Family.

When you fail to provide your family with a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy at this season of the year, you are neglecting them, as bowel complaint is sure to be prevalent, and it is too dangerous a malady to be trifled with. This is especially true if there are children in the family. A dose or two of this remedy will place the trouble without control and perhaps save a life, or at least a doctor's bill. See also by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

ARNOTT'S FAMOUS AUSTRALIAN BISCUITS

	No. 1 Size Per tin	\$1.50
Creamy Chocolate		
Raspberry Sandwich		1.50
Scotch Fingers		1.70
Cracknels		1.20
Butter Creams		1.60
Crystal Cocoanuts		1.30
Dudley Creams		1.60
iced Vo Vo		1.75
Honey Jumbles		1.35
Royal Crown		1.50
Ladies' Fingers		1.50
Cake Creams		1.50
Osborne		1.35
Gold Kisses		1.50
Marlo		1.50

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

MUSIC JUST RECEIVED

BERINGEE'S	PIANO TUTOR
SMALLWOOD'S	
GURLETT-SCHAFER'S	
GIANT NOTE METHOD	
MACFARREN'S	SCALES
SIMPSON'S	

HOLMES' ELEMENTS OF MUSIC

350 QUESTIONS AND EXERCISES

KEY TO HARMONY

Etc., Etc.

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THE CHINA YEAR BOOK

1923

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AN ENCYCLOPEDIA OF INFORMATION REGARDING CHINA.

THE ORIGINAL HAIG WHISKY

JOHN HAIG & Co., Ltd.

DISTILLERS, MARKINCH,

SCOTLAND.



Good Whisky should be old and thoroughly matured in wood. This is guaranteed by the above who are the Oldest Distillers Of Scotch Whisky In The World.

Ask for John Haig Gold Label or Glenlivet White Label.

SOLE AGENTS:—

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HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMERS.

THE SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD. AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE

Sailings:—To Canton daily at 8 a.m. and 10 p.m. (Sundays 10 p.m. only).
From Canton daily at 8 a.m. and 8 p.m. (Sundays 8 p.m. only).

SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.

HONGKONG-MACAO LINE

Sailings:—To Macao—Daily at 8 a.m. and at 2 p.m. (Sundays at 8 a.m. only).
From Macao—Daily at 8 a.m. and at 2 p.m. (Sundays at 4 p.m. only).

Further information may be obtained at the Company's Office, 4, Des Voeux Road Central, Messrs. Thos. Cook & Son, or the American Express Company Hongkong.

DODWELL & COMPANY, LTD.**NEW YORK BERTH**

FOR BOSTON AND NEW YORK.

S.S. "EGREMONT CASTLE".....Sailing on or about 7th August
S.S. "BOWEN CASTLE".....Sailing on or about 7th September

LLOYD TRIESTINO

TAKING CARGO ON THROUGH BILLS OF LADING FOR LEVANT, BLACK SEA & DANUBE PORTS.

PIUMS having been re-opened for traffic, cargo is also accepted for this port on through bills of lading.

"VESSELS HAVE ACCOMMODATION FOR PASSENGERS."
REDUCED FARE FROM HONGKONG TO ITALIAN PORTS 25%.

FOR SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

S.S. "TRIESTE".....Sailing on or about 31st July
S.S. "ROSANDRA".....Sailing on or about 2nd September.

Passengers' Luggage can be insured at the office of the Agents.

FOR BRINDISI, VENICE, AND TRIESTE.

S.S. "DUCHESSE D'ASTORIA".....Sailing on or about 7th August.
S.S. "TRIESTE".....Sailing on or about end of August.
S.S. "ROSANDRA".....Sailing on or about end of September.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS

Regular Passenger and Cargo Service

FROM CALCUTTA & COLOMBO TO SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS

S.S. "UMZUMBI".....Sailing on or about 25th July.
Through Bills of Lading issued from Hongkong.

For Freight or Passage on any of the above Lines apply to:

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OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA.

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

LONDON, HAMBURG, ROTTERDAM & ANTWERP—Monthly direct service via Singapore, Colombo, Suez and Port Said.

LONDON MARU (Call at Macao).....Tuesday, 4th Sept.

BUENO AIRES MARU (Call at Macao, Santos, Mauritius, Durban & Capetown).....Wednesday, 17th August

BOMBAY—Fortnightly service via Singapore and Colombo.

HIMALAYA MARU (Call at Penang).....Saturday, 31st July

CELESTES MARU (Call at Penang).....Saturday, 4th Aug.

INDO MARU.....Wednesday, 16th Aug.

HONGKONG VIA SINGAPORE & SINGAPORE & PENANG—Regular Monthly Passenger Service.

KISHU MARU.....Wednesday, 1st August

VICTORIA, SEATTLE, TACOMA & VANCOUVER—via Shanghai and Japan Ports taking cargo to OVERLAND POINTS U.S.A. Canada. Passenger service.

MANILA MARU (Call at Dairen).....Saturday, 21st July

NEW YORK.....Via PANAMA.

ALASKA MARU.....Wednesday, 8th August

JAPAN PORTS—Moj, Kobe, Osaka, Yokohama & Yokohama.

ALTAI MARU.....Wednesday, 1st August

SEIKO via SWATOW & AMOY. These steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class saloon passengers.

KAIYO MARU.....Sunday, 22nd July Noon

AMARUSA MARU.....Sunday, 22nd July Noon

TAKAO via SWATOW & AMOY.

HONKONG MARU.....Thursday, 19th July 10 a.m.

TAKAO VIA MARU.....Friday, 2nd August

For sailing dates and further particulars please apply to—

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SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

S.S. "LANGTON HALL".....via Suez Canal.....25th July

S.S. "CITY OF MADRAS".....via Suez Canal.....5th Aug.

S.S. "TALYBON".....via Suez Canal.....19th Aug.

S.S. "CITY OF BOSTON".....via Suez Canal.....25th Aug.

Steamers proceed via Suez Canal or Panama Canal at Owners' Option.

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LARGE STOCK OF SHIPBUILDING MATERIALS,

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ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS, BOILER-MAKERS, BRASS and IRON

FOUNDERS. All work done in this establishment is guaranteed. We have

over thirty years' experience. We own two slipways and can accommodate any

craft of 200 tons long.

Town Office: 64, Connaught Road Central, Hongkong. Tel. Central No. 459.

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VIA SHANGHAI, MANILA, KAOI, YOKOHAMA, VANCOUVER, MONTREAL & QUEBEC.

From Hongkong to Vancouver.

From Vancouver to Montreal.

From Montreal to Quebec.

Other Atlantic Sailings every few days to Liverpool, Southampton,

Glasgow, Antwerp, Chertbourg and Hamburg.

Allocation of Cabin on Atlantic steamers held here and through tickets issued.

Early departure necessary.

Three Transcontinental Trains Daily.

Standard Sleeping Cars, Dining Rooms & Smoking Rooms.

Canadian Pacific Hotels at Victoria, Vancouver, in the Rockies, Calgary, Winnipeg, Montreal and Quebec.

"CANADIAN PACIFIC THROUGHOUT"

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OPERATING U.S. GOVERNMENT SHIPS.

EXPRESS FREIGHT SERVICE.**TO LOS ANGELES AND SAN FRANCISCO FROM HONGKONG BY DIRECT ROUTE.**

U.S.S.B. "West Ivan".....Due Hongkong 1st Sept.

U.S.S.B. "West Sequana".....Due Hongkong 15th July.

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CARGO ACCEPTED FOR TRANSHIPMENT AT SAN FRANCISCO TO WEEKLY

SAILINGS FOR ATLANTIC SEABOARD PORTS THROUGH BILLS OF

LADING ISSUED TO U.S. AND CANADIAN OVERLAND POINTS.

TO MANILA, CEBU, ILOILO & ZAMBOANGA.

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U.S.S.B. "West Chopaka".....Due Hongkong 31st August.

U.S.S.B. "West Chopaka".....Due Hongkong 14th August.

U.S.S.B. "West Chopaka".....Due Hongkong 28th August.

U.S.S.B. "West Chopaka".....Due Hongkong 11th August.

U.S.S.B. "West Chopaka".....Due Hongkong 25th August.

U.S.S.B. "West Chopaka".....Due Hongkong 8th August.

U.S.S.B. "West Chopaka".....Due Hongkong 22nd August.

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**PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL FORTNIGHTLY
DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.**
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has ever destroyed
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NO BURGLAR

has ever succeeded
in opening a JOHN
TANN Thief-resist-
ing SAFE.

SOLE AGENTS—CHINA & HONGKONG:
ARNHOLD & CO., LTD.,
1A, CHATER ROAD. PHONE CENTRAL 1500.

For Home
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For Everybody

"WHITE MOUNTAIN" FREEZERS

OBTAINABLE AT
THE WING ON CO., LTD.,
HONGKONG.

FOOK WENG & Co., Just Opened!

EXPORTER OF

Swatow Drawn-thread Work and Canton Embroidery in finest
Quality of silk and linen.

Dealing in Ivory, Brass, Pewter, Giltware and Lacquer.

Mandarin Costumes and Shawls are our most popular stocks.

All goods Fresh and Moderate in price.

No. 13 Queen's Road Central, Hongkong.



Skin Cleared of DHOBIES' ITCH

Sulphur Baths &
Months of Hospital
Treatment Fail to Cure

RESCUED FROM DISEASE BY ZAM-BUK.

ANOTHER instance of how Zam-Buk exerts a wonderful
medicinal activity far below the surface skin, expelling the
most deep-seated disease, is described by Mr. S. H. Hawkins
(late of the Royal Warwickshire Regt.), and now living at
18, Brisbane Rd., Swinburn, England.

"When in Belgium, Southern India," says Mr. Hawkins, "I
contracted a very prevalent skin disease known as Dhobies' Itch.
My case was of such a severe type that I was isolated and under
hospital treatment for over four months. Sulphur baths and applica-
tions of iodine paste, leucolium, zinc ointment, etc., were tried.
But these compounds did my skin far more harm than good."

"The constant fiery irritation kept my skin terribly raw and
inflamed, and the disease baffled everything until I happened to
hear about Zam-Buk through a chum who was using it for
insect bites and stings."

"This chum was good enough to let me try an application of Zam-Buk and
even this, within an hour, ended the itching in a remarkable way. I soon
obtained a supply of Zam-Buk for myself and regularly kept up the treatment.
At first I changed the dressings every hour, and occasionally gave my skin a
thorough cleansing. Zam-Buk proved so wonderfully effective that within
fourteen days my skin was soothed, purified and completely healed."

Beware Fatty Dressings & Ointments.

Due to its wonderful curative character Zam-Buk is really superior to all other
diseases and skin conditions maintaining new natural skin. Zam-Buk is guaranteed FREE FROM ALL
ALIBI, FAT, or any other impurities. It is pure, clean, and free from all other
ingredients, and is the only one of its kind. It is the only one of its kind.
Obtainable of all chemists and medicine vendors in Hongkong, Shanghai, and
the Straits.

Zam-Buk
CONTAINS NO ANIMAL FAT.

AGENTS: Wakefield & Co., 60, Kiangse Road, Shanghai.

TYPHOID.

HONGKONG EPIDEMIC EXPLAINED.

WATER SUPPLY QUERY.

Important facts about the
Colony's health were made public
at the meeting of the Sanitary
Board held yesterday. There were
present: Mr. G. R. Syer (Chair-
man), the Hon. Mr. H. T. Jackson
(Director of Public Works), Mr.
A. E. Wood (Acting Secretary for
Chinese Affairs), Mr. S. W. Tso,
Dr. F. M. Ozorio, Dr. W. V. M.
Koch, Mr. Wong Kwong Tin, Dr.
W. W. Pearse (Medical Officer of
Health) and Mr. A. Fraser
(Secretary to the Board).

The chief topics of discussion
were the typhoid epidemic and the
prevalence of small-pox. In reply
to four questions asked by Dr.
W. V. M. Koch, detailed statistics
were given by Dr. W. W. Pearse
(Medical Officer of Health) of the
number of typhoid cases this year
as compared with other years.

Dr. Koch asked:—
(i) How many cases of typhoid
fever and of paratyphoid fever
have been notified week by
week during the present year
classified according to national-
ity?
(ii) How many of these cases have
been imported and how many
of local origin?
(iii) In the cases occurring locally
has it been possible to trace
the source of infection? If so,
will he state such source?
(iv) Has there been an increase in
the number of local cases com-
pared with former years?

CASES TABULATED.

In reply to the first and second
questions, the Medical Officer of
Health said that the number of
cases of typhoid which had occur-
red week by week this year was
shown in a table which he had
prepared. He had taken the period
up to the 8th of July the first 27
weeks of this year. Amongst
Chinese the weekly totals were as
follows:—0, 0, 2, 1, 1, 2, 2, 1,
1, 2, 2, 0, 4, 5, 4, 4, 6, 2, 13, 13,
10, 14, 5, 16, 5, 7. That gave a
total of 124 cases amongst the
Chinese, of which eight were im-
ported, the remaining 116 being
local cases. Under "British" he had
included people of European,
Colonial and American citizenship.
The weekly totals were:—0, 0, 1,
0, 3, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 4, 2, 0,
0, 0, 1, 0, 2, 1, 1, 3, 2; making
a total of 23 cases, of which four
were imported, leaving 19 of local
origin. Amongst the Portuguese
there was one case in the fourth
week, one in the 21st and one in the
25th week, making three
cases in all, none of which
were imported. Amongst the
Japanese community there was
one case in the fourth week, two in
the 20th and two in the 22nd week,
a total of five cases, all local.
Amongst the Indian community
there were 2 cases in the
11th week, one each in the
19th, 23rd, 25th and 26th
weeks, and 2 in the 27th week,
making 8 cases in all, of which four
were imported. There was one
Filipino case in the 22nd week.
That gave a total of 164 cases, of
which 148 were local and 16 im-
ported. There were 32 non-Chinese
local cases this year, as compared
with 33 last year, and 8 imported
cases, as against 3 last year.

SOURCE OF INFECTION.

Referring to Dr. Koch's third
question, the Medical Officer of
Health said:—
In no case has it been possible
to trace the source of infection.
The incubation period of the
disease is usually two weeks.
Under most favourable circum-
stances, for example, when a
patient seeks the advice of a
properly qualified medical man
early in his illness—another week
at least will probably elapse before
the nature of the disease is mani-
fest and a notification of the case
is made to the Medical Officer of
Health.

Infection is by ingestion, but
there are many ways by which
food and drink may be con-
taminated by the handling of food
and food utensils, by carriers, by
the agency of flies. It is only on
the occurrence of many cases
having a possible source of
infection in common that attention
is specially drawn to a possible
common source, for example, the
water supply.

In the present slight epidemic
the incidence of the disease has not

suggested that the public water
supply has been the cause of the
outbreak owing to contamination of
the water at its source, or during
distribution—that is to say, before
its delivery to the public. If the
water had been so contaminated I
should have expected the outbreak
to occur with explosive force, to
have involved many hundreds of
persons and to have shown a very
high incidence amongst the non-
Chinese community. The incidence
on the non-Chinese has, however,
not been greater than can be ac-
counted for by the reaction of
Chinese cases on non-Chinese.

No section of our population is
independent, from the Sanitary
point of view, of the Chinese. It is,
however, amongst the Chinese, who
do not as a rule drink
unboiled water, that the in-
crease in the incidence of the
disease is marked. The Chinese,
however, use unboiled water for
washing food and food utensils
and, hence, if the water in their
houses be contaminated with
disease-producing bacteria, it is
certain that they will be infected.

It is not necessary to assume that
the water as delivered to the Chi-
nese from the public supply is
capable of producing disease.
There are ways by which such
water may be contaminated after
delivery. At present the water
supply is intermittent, the people
cannot obtain water directly from
their taps when they need it. They
draw water for a very short time
each day and store it in receptacles
which are very liable to contamina-
tion. They take pails, tins, cans,
to street hydrants and draw
water. Such portable vessels may
well be liable to contamination in
the yards and kitchens of Chinese
houses.

Water is even obtained from
nullahs and other sources of ques-
tionable purity, to supplement the
scanty supply available from the
public mains. Under these circum-
stances it is not surprising that
there has been an increase in a
water-borne disease. To what ex-
tent carriers of typhoid exist
amongst us is not known, but they
certainly exist and at a time when
the disease, from whatever original
cause, has increased, carriers will
have increased also. A somewhat
analogous outbreak of a water-
borne disease occurred in the year
1902 when the Colony was
short of water and the Chinese
were restricted to a small
daily intermittent supply. Water
was then also collected and stored
by the Chinese under insanitary
conditions and an epidemic of
cholera to the extent of nearly 600
cases occurred.

If for the term of "source of in-
fection" in Dr. Koch's question I
substitute the term "principal
factor in the spread of the disease,"
I may say with reason that it has
not been the quality of the water as
supplied by the Government which
has been the probable cause of the
typhoid epidemic, but the want of
sufficient water to maintain a
constant supply and the inevitable
consequences of such a shortage.

COMPARISONS DRAWN.

With regard to the fourth ques-
tion, the Medical Officer of Health
said he had prepared a table show-
ing the monthly incidence of
typhoid and para-typhoid from 1913
to 1923. Taking the first six months
of this year, he found there were
153 cases of typhoid and para-
typhoid, of which 11 were para-
typhoid and the remainder typhoid.
Comparing the figures with those of
previous years he found that in
1922 there were, in April, 16 cases
as against 24 this year. In May
there were 14, as compared with 51;
and in June 13, as compared with
52. The only previous year of the
last ten and a half years during
which there was any incidence
which was at all comparable to that
of this year was that of 1918, when
in April there were 17 cases, in
May 32 and in June 44. This year,
however, showed during the last
three months a greater
incidence of typhoid and para-
typhoid since and including 1913.

Dr. Koch thanked the Medical
Officer of Health for his very full
and exhaustive statement, and
added that it was very evident the
Chinese were the great sufferers
from the disease at the present
time. This pointed rather strongly,
as Dr. Pearse had said, to the ques-
tion of the water supply. Had any
effort been made to purify the
water?

The Chairman: That point does
not arise at the moment.
Dr. Koch said it seemed to him
rather a pity that they had the
Medical Officer of Health claiming

that the method of water storage
in the houses was responsible for
the increase in the number of cases
and that apparently nothing had
been done to counteract this by
giving warning to the Chinese.

The Chairman:—Isn't it difficult
to anticipate? As a matter of fact
we are not the Water Board.
Dr. Koch:—I think the Water
Authority and the Sanitary Board
ought to work hand in hand. We
are so dependent on each other,
we are not working in water-tight
compartments.

The Chairman:—The question
which appears to arise out of the
Medical Officer of Health's reply
is, "Why can't we get more
water?" and the answer is that we
cannot control the rain. I would
like to put one or two subsidiary
questions to the Medical Officer
of Health. I think Dr. Pearse
stated that the figures showed no
increase?

The Medical Officer of Health:—
No appreciable increase. If we
have an increase of infectious
disease amongst the Chinese we
are likely to get more carriers in
motion and to see a slight increase
among non-Chinese, but the slight
increase has only been a factor re-
cently. So far as this year is con-
cerned I have shown that there is
a decrease of one case, although
from the 23rd to the 27th week of
this year there was a slight in-
crease.

RECEPTACLES POSSIBLE CAUSE.

The Chairman: As regards the
Chinese, the increase this year over
last year is I think, accounted for
almost entirely by the large in-
crease in the number of reports
from the Hongkong mortuary?

The Medical Officer of Health:
I have not the figures with me, but I
know that quite an astonishing
number of cases of typhoid fever
has been reported by the Officer in
charge of the public mortuary, and
I have also remarked that out of
those cases a large number are
children.

The Chairman: Something like
95 per cent. of the corpses admitted
to the mortuary are those of the
abandoned or destitute?

The Medical Officer of Health:
I have not gone into the figures but
I know that, for the five years I was
in charge of the mortuary, nearly
all the cases taken there were either
destitute or abandoned people.

The Chairman: The increase
seems therefore to be entirely
restricted to the very poor?

The Medical Officer of Health:
To a very large extent, certainly.

The Chairman: Would I be
correct in saying that if the Govern-
ment water supply was the cause
there would be no distinction be-
tween rich and poor in regard to the
incidence of the disease?

The Medical Officer of Health:
If the Government water supply
was contaminated either at its
sources or in distribution I would
expect no discrimination of people
or between localities. I should ex-
pect as much typhoid fever, accord-
ing to population, at the Peak as
at West Point or at East Point.

The Chairman: The conclusion
I have come to is the same as yours?
The Medical Officer of Health:
Yes, substantially the same.

The Chairman: I think you gave
the total figures as 148 local cases.
Would I be correct in saying that it
is quite possible that a certain num-
ber of the 148 may be imported
cases?

The Medical Officer of Health:
They may be. It is extremely diffi-
cult to get any reliable data. The
incubation period is so long that it
may be four or five weeks after in-
fection that a report from the mor-
tuary is sent in.

The Chairman: There is a very
large influx going on at present?
The Medical Officer of Health:
Very large indeed. When I say
that certain cases are imported I
have very good reason for saying
so, and when I say that others are
imported it is because I have not
sufficient information to go by.

The Chairman: Would you re-
gard a total of 148 out of a popula-
tion of 600,000 as a large number
of small?

The Medical Officer of Health:
Of course, that depends upon the
sanitary condition of the Colony.
Having regard to the fact that the
water supply here is of a high
degree of initial purity, I think 140
cases are somewhat higher than we
ought to have. If we could main-
tain a constant supply of water and
not have it collected in all sorts of
receptacles and places I think we
should have much less typhoid than
we have got.

(Continued on page 9.)

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

Just landed

A Fresh Consignment of

KRAFT LOAF CHEESE

The Perfection of Flavor

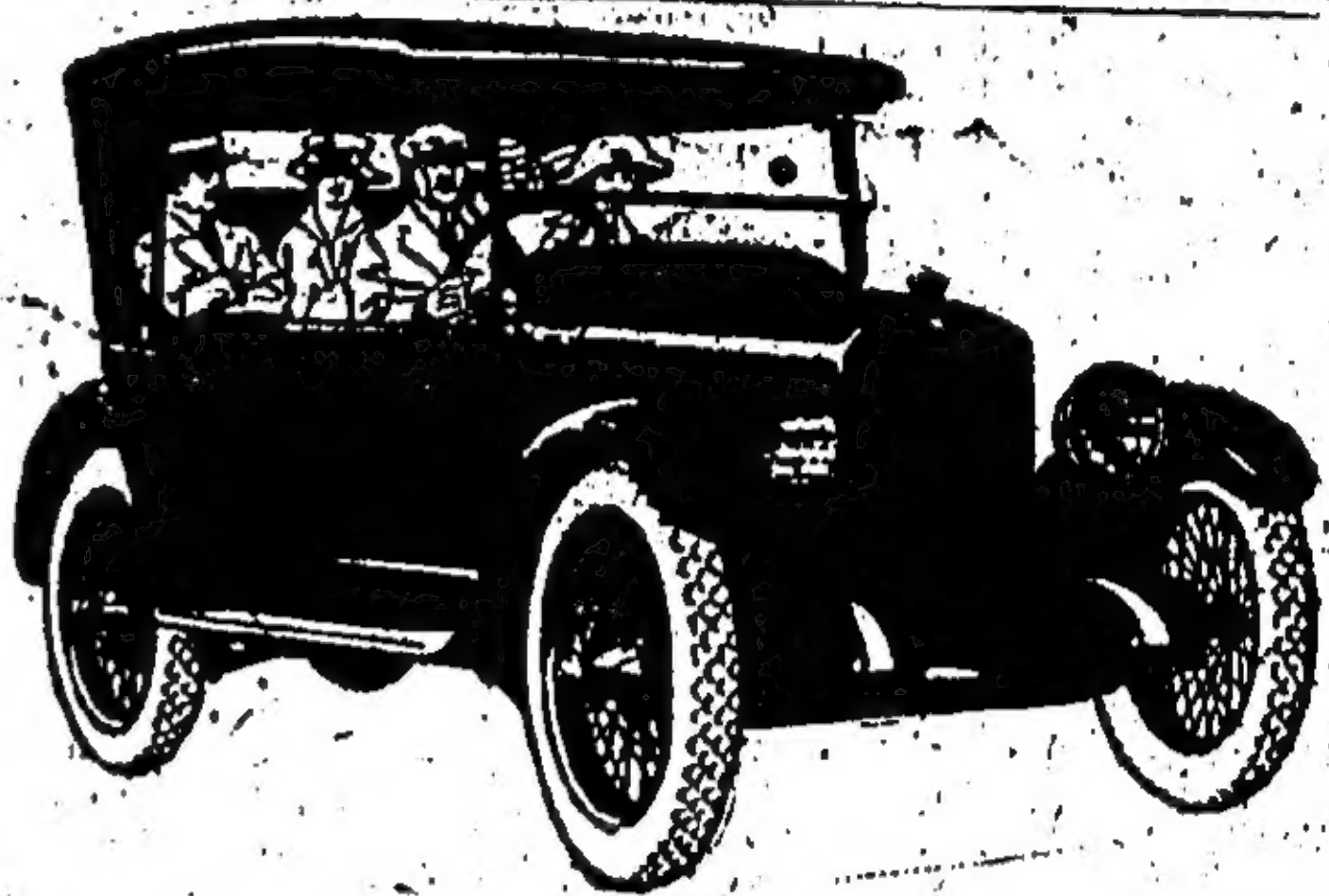
Uniformity and Excellence

No Rind

No Waste

80 cents per lb.

HONGKONG HOTEL GARAGE.



Studebaker
LIGHT SIX

THE WORLD'S GREATEST LIGHT WEIGHT CAR

NEW MODELS ARRIVED

INSPECTION AND DEMONSTRATION INVITED

SHOW ROOM PEDDER STREET.

Tel. Central 32.

Tel. Central 32.

THE HONGKONG HOTEL CO., LTD.

NIAGARA FALLS CANDY

Operated by the On Lok Yum Co., Ltd.
29-31, Des Voeux Road Central.

Bring Your
Sweethearts

ICE CREAM & CANDY PARLOUR

Bring Your
Friends

IDEAL SUMMER BEVERAGES.

AVOID THE SUMMER HEAT.
TRY OUR SODA FOUNTAIN.

OUR PARLOUR OF SUMMER DELIGHT IS KEPT COOL IN SUMMER
BY AN ELECTRIC VENTILATING MACHINE—YOU WILL FEEL COOL
AT 70° IN HOT WEATHER.

SWATOW LACE COMPANY.

JUST RECEIVED

A LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

Manilla Hats,

Silk Lanterns,

Lamp Shades,

Mah Jong Sets,

etc., etc.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

INSPECTION INVITED.

17A, Queen's Road, Central.

P. O. BOX 475.

PHONE CENTRAL 1468.

FLYOSAN

TYPHOID.

(Continued from page 8.)

Replying to Dr. Koch, the Medical Officer of Health said he had for many years heard rumours of people leaving the Colony when there was disease about. They suddenly became ill, got frightened and ran away. In many cases the Sanitary Board took action to clear them out for a period of 48 hours whilst disinfection work was in progress.

Dr. Koch thought the discussion proved that the Department was not sufficiently staffed. They wanted a Medical Officer of Health who could devote his whole time to making enquiries into cases as soon as they were reported. The Medical Officer of Health was so overburdened with work that he could not possibly do more.

The Board then proceeded to the discussion of other business.

PREVALENCE OF SMALL-POX.

The Medical Officer of Health said he would like to call the attention of the Board and, through the Press, the attention of the public to the fact that small-pox was persisting somewhat longer this year. Many cases of small-pox notified during the last few weeks dated their infection to 15 days, and in some cases, three weeks before. During January, 3 cases were notified in February, 8 March 38, April 62, May 61, June 91, and up to the 14th of the month 21 cases, which meant that if the same average was maintained there would be 45 cases for July. The number might be less, as small-pox now appeared to be on the down grade. Forty-five cases in July would be about 50 per cent. of the June total. There had been a somewhat had outbreak, and he thought it would be desirable for the Board to consider the question of instituting another vaccination campaign at the beginning of the next cold season. They had one at the beginning of last season, when 127,000 adults were vaccinated; and one in 1916-17 when some 300,000 people were vaccinated. The Colony was liable just now, as for several years past, to the great influx of population. Although they might vaccinate well over 100,000—seven many as 300,000—people, in a year or two they might find most of those people had left the Colony and that there was again a very large proportion of the population unvaccinated. As small-pox had lingered so long this year he felt that they might expect during cold weather to have a somewhat bad outbreak and it would be as well to prepare and order free vaccination. Although the Government Vaccination Ordinance did not compel the vaccination of infants during the hot weather, there was nothing in the Ordinance to prevent people being vaccinated. Medical practitioners could vaccinate in the hot weather if they liked and the public could go to the public vaccination stations and get vaccinated there. He thought it was highly desirable, even now during the hot weather, for people not vaccinated recently to take advantage of the public vaccination stations, or go to their medical attendants and be vaccinated.

Dr. Koch said he did not understand how the impression prevailed that vaccination should not be carried out during the hot weather. It was effective and did no harm.

LATEST SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVALS.

Yoshino Maru, (N.Y.K.) from Yokohama, Nagasaki—Kowloon Wharf.

Awa Maru, (N.Y.K.) from Yokohama, Moji—Kowloon Wharf.

Hydrangea, (Chin On) from Swatow—Co's Wharf.

Nagoya, (P. & O.) from Shanghai—A2.

Olderkerk, (J.C.J.L.) from Shanghai—A6.

Chakang, (J.M. & Co.) from Bangkok, Swatow—C37.

Hualac, (Li Bing Kee) from Bangkok—West Point.

Phranang, (Cheong Yu) from Swatow—C44.

Kaiping, (Sing Kee) from Haiphong, Fakhel—C43.

Chennan, (B. & S.) from Bangkok, Hoilow—B23.

DEPARTURES.

Po Tung, (Chun Tung) for Fort Bayard—July 18.

Awa Maru, (N.Y.K.) for Bombay, Singapore—July 18.

Nansang, (J.M. & Co.) for Calcutta, Singapore—July 18.

Yoshino Maru, (N.Y.K.) for Melbourne, Manila—July 18.

Pret. Lingon, (Pacific Mail) for San Francisco, Shanghai—July 18.

Yingchow, (B. & S.) for Shanghai, Amoy—July 18.

Reims, (Tai Woo) for Hoilow—July 18.

Glenfalloch, (Seng Soon Hong) for Amoy, Swatow—July 18.

Nagoya, (P. & O.) for Bombay, Singapore—July 18.

Olderkerk, (J.C.J.L.) for Hamburg, Manila—July 18.

Mausang, (J.M. & Co.) for Sandakan—July 20.

COMMERCIAL.

HONGKONG NOTES AND COMMENT.

Metals Market.—Wire Nails Chequered Head, 330 usual assortment, are quoted by Chinese dealers at about \$10.00 per picul keg for sale or go down, spot goods, English make. Importers are asking about the same price for indents but little business has resulted as there is no big demand.

2, 3, 3, 3, and 3/4 assortment have been booked for indents at prices ranging round \$16.55, the lowest reported being \$16.50. Orders have been plentiful and for fairly large quantities with the result that some dealers are now pessimistic as they fear the various orders may arrive together when they will be a drag on the market.

Black Sheets.—No business has been forthcoming in this commodity for some time past. Importers quote \$9.75 per picul ex godown Hongkong for future arrivals but as this is slightly higher than local prices no orders have been placed.

AMERICAN FLOUR.

A slight relapse has set in the local flour market this morning owing to one buyer, who bought fairly large amounts during the last week, reselling some of his holdings. A few agents for Canton and outport buyers ceased buying in consequence and prices receded on an average of three cents per 50 lb. sack. However, a firm tone seems to prevail and prices are expected to reach yesterday's level in a day or two.

SUGAR.

The lack of purchasers has brought about further drops in local quotations. Attention is concentrated on Java Rough Whites No. 24 as there are large stocks of both old and new crop. There is no standard quotation for either crop owing to the disparity in quality between different shipments. Chinese sugar merchants pay little attention to polarisation, being satisfied to work by taste, appearance and dryness. Lots which feel firm when in the hand, and appear dry and white, can fetch as much as 10 per cent more than other lots of the same grade. Again, there is a difference between dealers' and importers' prices, the former always being lower especially in dull times.

RICE.

The inability of West River steamers to accept offerings for Wuchow has had the effect of putting the Hongkong rice market back about seven cents a picul during the last few days. Shipments are still being made for Canton in spite of the rumours being circulated.

MURDER CHARGE.

INDIAN GUARD BEING TRIED.

A charge of murder was preferred against an Indian guard named Ghulam Mohamed before Mr. J. B. Wood yesterday afternoon. Accused was alleged to have shot a Chinese carpenter at the Government quarry, Tsat Tai Mui, on June 28.

Among the witnesses called was a coolie, who stated that he saw accused with his carbine pointed at deceased. Shortly afterwards he heard the report of a firearm and then saw deceased lying on the ground.

Indian guards gave evidence as to the nature of the instructions issued to accused. It was also stated that accused had complained to the No. 1 that deceased had used his spoon. Accused was alleged to have stated after the shot had been fired, that his carbine went off accidentally. His Worship then adjourned the case till this afternoon.

PLEASANT SHOPPING.

LOCAL MUSIC STORE'S ENTERPRISE.

The alterations which have been made to the internal premises of Messrs. Moutrie & Co. make their store one of the biggest in the Colony, giving more floor space for the display of their own make of pianofortes, and for the others for which they are agents. The room which hitherto was used for storing records and running them off on the gramophone for the benefit of prospective buyers has been removed. Instead, two rooms have been made which will save the time of buyers, as under the present arrangement, three or more customers can be attended to at the same time. The rooms are small, but of comfortable size, nicely furnished, and, in this hot weather, cool in the extreme. The dividing walls are of beaver-board and asbestos lined board, both of which lend themselves to artistic handling. The alterations are undoubtedly an improvement and reflect great credit upon the management.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS AND PASSENGERS.

SCHEDULED DEPARTURES.

CHINA COAST, ETC.

SWATOW.

July 19.—O.S.K. Socha Maru.
19.—O.N. Sunning.
19.—O.N. Kungchow.
19.—O.S.N. Tamsu.
20.—D.L. Haibong.
20.—O.S.K. Kajo Maru.
20.—O.N. Kanchow.
20.—O.N. Chienan.
20.—O.S.N. City of London.
20.—O.S.N. Haikong.
20.—O.S.N. Tungshing.
20.—D.L. Haiching.
20.—O.S.K. Amakusa Maru.

AMOI.

July 19.—O.S.K. Socha Maru.
19.—O.S.N. Sunning.
19.—O.N. Kungchow.
19.—O.S.N. Tamsu.
20.—D.L. Haibong.
20.—O.S.K. Kajo Maru.
20.—O.N. Kanchow.
20.—O.N. Chienan.
20.—O.S.N. City of London.
20.—O.S.N. Haikong.
20.—O.S.N. Tungshing.
20.—D.L. Haiching.
20.—O.S.K. Amakusa Maru.

FOOCHOW.

July 20.—D.L. Haibong.
20.—D.L. Haiching.
20.—D.L. Haiching.

TAKAO.

July 20.—O.S.K. Socha Maru.
Aug. 3.—O.S.K. Batavia Maru.

SHANGHAI.

July 19.—O.S.N. Sunning.
19.—O.N. Kungchow.
19.—O.S.N. Tamsu.
20.—D.L. Haibong.
20.—O.S.K. Kajo Maru.
20.—O.N. Kanchow.
20.—O.N. Chienan.
20.—O.S.N. City of London.
20.—O.S.N. Haikong.
20.—O.S.N. Tungshing.
20.—D.L. Haiching.
20.—O.S.K. Amakusa Maru.

POOCHOW.

July 20.—D.L. Haibong.
20.—D.L. Haiching.
20.—D.L. Haiching.

SHANGHAI.

July 19.—O.S.N. Sunning.
19.—O.N. Kungchow.
19.—O.S.N. Tamsu.
20.—D.L. Haibong.
20.—O.S.K. Kajo Maru.
20.—O.N. Kanchow.
20.—O.N. Chienan.
20.—O.S.N. City of London.
20.—O.S.N. Haikong.
20.—O.S.N. Tungshing.
20.—D.L. Haiching.
20.—O.S.K. Amakusa Maru.

POOCHOW.

July 20.—D.L. Haibong.
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20.—D.L. Haiching.

SHANGHAI.

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19.—O.N. Kungchow.
19.—O.S.N. Tamsu.
20.—D.L. Haibong.
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20.—O.N. Kanchow.
20.—O.N. Chienan.
20.—O.S.N. City of London.
20.—O.S.N. Haikong.
20.—O.S.N. Tungshing.
20.—D.L. Haiching.
20.—O.S.K. Amakusa Maru.

POOCHOW.

July 20.—D.L. Haibong.
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20.—D.L. Haiching.

SHANGHAI.

July 19.—O.S.N. Sunning.
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19.—O.S.N. Tamsu.
20.—D.L. Haibong.
20.—O.S.K. Kajo Maru.
20.—O.N. Kanchow.
20.—O.N. Chienan.
20.—O.S.N. City of London.
20.—O.S.N. Haikong.
20.—O.S.N. Tungshing.
20.—D.L. Haiching.
20.—O.S.K. Amakusa Maru.

POOCHOW.

July 20.—D.L. Haibong.
20.—D.L. Haiching.
20.—D.L. Haiching.

SHANGHAI.

July 19.—O.S.N. Sunning.
19.—O.N. Kungchow.
19.—O.S.N. Tamsu.
20.—D.L. Haibong.
20.—O.S.K. Kajo Maru.
20.—O.N. Kanchow.
20.—O.N. Chienan.
20.—O.S.N. City of London.
20.—O.S.N. Haikong.
20.—O.S.N. Tungshing.
20.—D.L. Haiching.
20.—O.S.K. Amakusa Maru.

POOCHOW.

July 20.—D.L. Haibong.
20.—D.L. Haiching.
20.—D.L. Haiching.

SHANGHAI.

July 19.—O.S.N. Sunning.
19.—O.N. Kungchow.
19.—O.S.N. Tamsu.
20.—D.L. Haibong.
20.—O.S.K. Kajo Maru.
20.—O.N. Kanchow.
20.—O.N. Chienan.
20.—O.S.N. City of London.
20.—O.S.N. Haikong.
20.—O.S.N. Tungshing.
20.—D.L. Haiching.
20.—O.S.K. Amakusa Maru.

POOCHOW.

July 20.—D.L. Haibong.
20.—D.L. Haiching.
20.—D.L. Haiching.

SHANGHAI.

July 19.—O.S.N. Sunning.
19.—O.N. Kungchow.
19.—O.S.N. Tamsu.
20.—D.L. Haibong.
20.—O.S.K. Kajo Maru.
20.—O.N. Kanchow.
20.—O.N. Chienan.
20.—O.S.N. City of London.
20.—O.S.N. Haikong.
20.—O.S.N. Tungshing.
20.—D.L. Haiching.
20.—O.S.K. Amakusa Maru.

Sept. 1.—B.F. Agamemnon.
2.—B.F. Patroclus.
3.—B.F. Iola de Panay.
4.—B.F. Monitor.
5.—B.F. Kungchow.
6.—B.F. Kungchow.
7.—B.F. Kungchow.
8.—B.F. Kungchow.
9.—B.F. Kungchow.
10.—B.F. Kungchow.
11.—B.F. Kungchow.
12.—B.F. Kungchow.
13.—B.F. Kungchow.
14.—B.F. Kungchow.
15.—B.F. Kungchow.
16.—B.F. Kungchow.
17.—B.F. Kungchow.
18.—B.F. Kungchow.
19.—B.F. Kungchow.
20.—B.F. Kungchow.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS, ETC.

MANILA.

July 20.—O.S.N. Sunning.
20.—O.N. Kungchow.
20.—O.S.N. Tamsu.
21.—D.L. Haibong.
21.—O.S.K. Kajo Maru.
21.—O.N. Kanchow.
21.—O.N. Chienan.
21.—O.S.N. City of London.
21.—O.S.N. Haikong.
21.—O.S.N. Tungshing.
21.—D.L. Haiching.
21.—O.S.K. Amakusa Maru.

SANDAKAN.

July 20.—O.S.N. Sunning.
20.—O.N. Kungchow.
20.—O.S.N. Tamsu.
21.—D.L. Haibong.
21.—O.S.K. Kajo Maru.
21.—O.N. Kanchow.
21.—O.N. Chienan.
21.—O.S.N. City of London.
21.—O.S.N. Haikong.
21.—O.S.N. Tungshing.
21.—D.L. Haiching.
21.—O.S.K. Amakusa Maru.

CEBU, ILOILO & ZAMBOANGA.

Aug. 7.—U.S.S.B. West Chopaka.

JAVA PORTS, ETC.

July 21.—R.P.M. Van Overstraten.
21.—T.E.K. Tjondari.
21.—T.E.K. Tjondari.
21.—T.E.K. Tjondari.
21.—T.E.K. Tjondari.
21.—T.E.K. Tjondari.
21.—T.E.K. Tjondari.
21.—T.E.K. Tjondari.
21.—T.E.K. Tjondari.
21.—T.E.K. Tjondari.

BALIKPAPAN.

July 21.—O.N. Tarkowanyi.

INDIAN PORTS, ETC.

CALCUTTA.

July 21.—P.M. Lako Fielding.
21.—B.L. Torilla.
21.—N.Y.K. Moji Maru.
21.—O.S.K. Indo Maru.

PENANG.

July 21.—O.S.K. Himalaya Maru.
21.—B.L. Torilla.
21.—N.Y.K. Moji Maru.
21.—O.S.K. Indo Maru.

BOMBAY AND COLOMBO.

July 21.—O.S.K. Himalaya Maru.
21.—B.L. Torilla.
21.—N.Y.K. Moji Maru.
21.—O.S.K. Indo Maru.

SYDNEY AND MELBOURNE.

Aug. 4.—E. & A. St. Albans.
15.—N.Y.K. Aki Maru.
15.—N.Y.K. Aki Maru.
15.—N.Y.K. Aki Maru.
15.—N.Y.K. Aki Maru.
15.—N.Y.K. Aki Maru.
15.—N.Y.K. Aki Maru.
15.—N.Y.K. Aki Maru.
15.—N.Y.K. Aki Maru.
15.—N.Y.K. Aki Maru.

JAPAN PORTS.

July 19.—O.S.N. Sunning.
19.—O.N. Kungchow.
19.—O.S.N. Tamsu.
20.—D.L. Haibong.
20.—O.S.K. Kajo Maru.
20.—O.N. Kanchow.
20.—O.N. Chienan.
20.—O.S.N. City of London.
20.—O.S.N. Haikong.
20.—O.S.N. Tungshing.
20.—D.L. Haiching.
20.—O.S.K. Amakusa Maru.

BAHRELONA & VALENCIA.

July 20.—N.Y.K. Kungchow Maru.
20.—B.B. O. Lopez Y. Lopez.
20.—B.B. O. Lopez Y. Lopez.

BRINDISI, VENICE & TRIESTE.

Aug. 7.—L.T. Dueschess d'Aosta.

FOR VALENCIA.

Aug. 10.—N.Y.K. Tsurushima Maru.
20.—E.A. Bolivia.
20.—E.A. Bolivia.
20.—E.A. Bolivia.
20.—E.A. Bolivia.
20.—E.A. Bolivia.
20.—E.A. Bolivia.
20.—E.A. Bolivia.
20.—E.A. Bolivia.
20.—E.A. Bolivia.

HONOLULU.

Aug. 1.—P.W. Free Taft.
9.—T.E.K. Tjondari.
15.—T.E.K. Tjondari.
15.—T.E.K. Tjondari.
15.—T.E.K. Tjondari.
15.—T.E.K. Tjondari.
15.—T.E.K. Tjondari.
15.—T.E.K. Tjondari.
15.—T.E.K. Tjondari.
15.—T.E.K. Tjondari.

AMERICAN PORTS.

VANCOUVER, ETC.

July 21.—O.S.K. Manila Maru.
21.—B.F. Tyndarus.
21.—N.Y.K. Kaga Maru.
21.—N.Y.K. Kaga Maru.
21.—N.Y.K. Kaga Maru.
21.—N.Y.K. Kaga Maru.
21.—N.Y.K. Kaga Maru.
21.—N.Y.K. Kaga Maru.
21.—N.Y.K. Kaga Maru.
21.—N.Y.K. Kaga Maru.

VICTORIA.

July 21.—A.O.L. Pres. Madison.
21.—O.S.K. Manila Maru.
21.—B.F. Tyndarus.
21.—N.Y.K. Kaga Maru.
21.—N.Y.K. Kaga Maru.
21.—N.Y.K. Kaga Maru.
21.—N.Y.K. Kaga Maru.
21.—N.Y.K. Kaga Maru.
21.—N.Y.K. Kaga Maru.
21.—N.Y.K. Kaga Maru.

SEATTLE.

July 21.—O.S.K. Manila Maru.
21.—B.F. Tyndarus.
21.—N.Y.K. Kaga Maru.
21.—N.Y.K. Kaga Maru.
21.—N.Y.K. Kaga Maru.
21.—N.Y.K. Kaga Maru.
21.—N.Y.K. Kaga Maru.
21.—N.Y.K. Kaga Maru.
21.—N.Y.K. Kaga Maru.
21.—N.Y.K. Kaga Maru.

LOS ANGELES.

July 19.—U.S.S.B. West Ivan.
20.—U.S.S.B. West Sequana.

SAN FRANCISCO.

July 19.—U.S.S.B. West Ivan.
20.—U.S.S.B. West Sequana.
20.—P.M. Free Taft.
20.—T.E.K. Tjondari.
20.—T.E.K. Tjondari.
20.—T.E.K. Tjondari.
20.—T.E.K. Tjondari.
20.—T.E.K. Tjondari.
20.—T.E.K. Tjondari.
20.—T.E.K. Tjondari.

RIO DE JANEIRO.

(Via Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Durban & Capetown).
Aug. 17.—O.S.K. Mexico Maru.

VALPARAISO.

Via Japan, Honolulu, San Francisco, San Pedro, Sausalito, Balaio, Calcutta, Amoy & Iquique).
July 21.—T.E.K. Rakuyo Maru.
21.—T.E.K. Rakuyo Maru.
21.—T.E.K. Rakuyo Maru.
21.—T.E.K. Rakuyo Maru.
21.—T.E.K. Rakuyo Maru.
21.—T.E.K. Rakuyo Maru.
21.—T.E.K. Rakuyo Maru.
21.—T.E.K. Rakuyo Maru.
21.—T.E.K. Rakuyo Maru.

PORTLAND.

Aug. 14.—U.S.S.B. West O'Brien.
20.—U.S.S.B. West Jessup.

NEW YORK.

(Via Panama).
Aug. 3.—T.E.K. Woyo Maru.
4.—N.Y.K. Delgo Maru.
15.—T.E.K. Volante.

BOSTON.

July 24.—P.L. Gotthelf Prince.
24.—B.F. Langdon Hall.
24.—D.L. Virginia Dollar.
24.—N.Y.K. Delgo Maru.
24.—B.F. Kalama.
24.—B.F. City of Madras.
24.—B.F. Egrement Castle.
24.—B.F. Antiochus.
24.—B.F. Bowers Castle.
24.—B.F. Bellerophon.

SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

(Via Singapore, Buenos Aires, Rio de Janeiro, Santos and Matritius).
Aug. 17.—O.S.K. Mexico Maru.

MONTEVIDEO.

Aug. 17.—U.S.K. Mexico Maru.

GENOA.

Aug. 7.—O.L. Gleniffer.
15.—O.L. Gleniffer.
15.—O.L. Gleniffer.
15.—O.L. Gleniffer.
15.—O.L. Gleniffer.
15.—O.L. Gleniffer.
15.—O.L. Gleniffer.
15.—O.L. Gleniffer.
15.—O.L. Gleniffer.
15.—O.L. Gleniffer.

MARSEILLES.

July 21.—E.L. City of Manchester.
25.—P. & O. Devanah.
25.—P. & O. Devanah.
25.—P. & O. Devanah.
25.—P. & O. Devanah.
25.—P. & O. Devanah.
25.—P. & O. Devanah.
25.—P. & O. Devanah.
25.—P. & O. Devanah.
25.—P. & O. Devanah.

GIBRALTAR.

July 25.—P. & O. Devanah.
25.—P. & O. Devanah.
25.—P. & O. Devanah.
25.—P. & O. Devanah.
25.—P. & O. Devanah.
25.—P. & O. Devanah.
25.—P. & O. Devanah.
25.—P. & O. Devanah.
25.—P. & O. Devanah.
25.—P. & O. Devanah.

HAVRE.

July 19.—B.F. Ningbo Maru.
20.—B.F. Ningbo Maru.
20.—B.F. Ningbo Maru.
20.—B.F. Ningbo Maru.
20.—B.F. Ningbo Maru.
20.—B.F. Ningbo Maru.
20.—B.F. Ningbo Maru.
20.—B.F. Ningbo Maru.
20.—B.F. Ningbo Maru.
20.—B.F. Ningbo Maru.

LONDON.

July 19.—P. & O. Kildare Maru.
21.—E.L. City of Manchester.
21.—E.L. City of Manchester.
21.—E.L. City of Manchester.
21.—E.L. City of Manchester.
21.—E.L. City of Manchester.
21.—E.L. City of Manchester.
21.—E.L. City of Manchester.
21.—E.L. City of Manchester.
21.—E.L. City of Manchester.

CHINESE Y.M.C.A.

INTERESTING WEEK'S ACTIVITIES.

The enterprising and energetic Chinese Y.M.C.A. announces items for the next few days each of which has its own distinctive appeal. To-morrow night, Thursday, at 7.40, Mr. Leo Cho Yu is to deliver a popular lecture on "Chinese Phonetics." A debate on Friday on the roof garden on the influence for good on the public of the cinema is topical. There should, so to speak, be some "reel" flights of eloquence. "Christian Truth and the future of China" is the subject of the address to be given on Sunday at 7.30 p.m. to men, the speaker being Mr. Tang Hui-chi. On Monday and Tuesday a film with the arresting title of "The Fortune Teller" will be shown. A summer camp at Pine Apple Beach, Cheung Chan, is announced for August. It should attract many members. The employment section announces several posts waiting to be filled.

The estate of the late Mr. William Duthie, the famous Aberdeenshire Short-horn cattle breeder, amounts to £265,568, on which £50,000 estate duty has been paid. He made many bequests for religious and charitable purposes.



Good News

That millions of women tell

Millions of women, all the world over, have found a way to prettier teeth. Mostly by dental advice. They have spread the news to combat it. So nearly everybody, you see, is getting teeth and miter smiles to know them.

Must combat film

That vicious film you feel on teeth must be combated daily. Otherwise it clings, enters crevices and stays. It forms the basis of cloudy coats, including tartar. It also holds food substance which ferments and forms acid. It holds the acid in contact with the teeth to cause decay. Germs breed by millions in it. They, with tartar, are the chief cause of pyorrhea. Thus most teeth troubles are now traced to film, and very few escape them.

Why it remains

The tooth brush and the ordinary tooth paste cannot effectively combat it. So nearly everybody, however careful, had teeth discolored and decay.

Dental science has for years tried to combat this condition. Two ways have now been found. Able authorities have proved them, and leading dentists now urge their daily use.

Pepsodent

The New-Day Dentifrice

A scientific film combater, which whitens, cleans and protects the teeth without the use of harmful grit. Now advised by leading dentists the world over. For sale in two sizes by all druggists.

SOLE AGENTS FOR HONGKONG AND SOUTH CHINA

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HONGKONG

MORRISON PIANOS

Built to Suit this climate. Guaranteed for SEVEN YEARS.

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HOP CHEONG

HIGH CLASS FURNITURE MANUFACTURERS. DEALERS IN

Swatow Hand-Made Drawn Thread Work

New and Old Embroideries Silk, etc., &c.

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KKE CHEONG SING

48, Onnamong Road Central, Hongkong Agents, Telephone Cent. 2401.</



Betty Baird and Loper B. Laidlaw.

The "Kandy Boy Revue," a musical comedy show backed by Loper B. Laidlaw, son of Edward James Laidlaw, multi-millionaire banker, went on the rocks in San Francisco while awaiting a booking. Young Laidlaw and his pretty wife, Betty Baird, leading lady of the company, called on a pawnbroker with \$50,000 worth of jewels that had been given her by a son of a Turkish Sultan. The "uncle" became suspicious and called the police, but when young Laidlaw was taken into a leading bank and greeted effusively by the president he was discharged with proper apologies.



Charles A. Stoneham and Tom Foley.

In the investigation into the \$5,000,000 failure of the alleged "bucket shop" of E. M. Fuller & Company, of New York, the referee in bankruptcy, Harold P. Coffin, has summoned Tom Foley, veteran "boss" in Tammany Hall and political godfather to Governor Albert E. Smith, and Charles A. Stoneham, broker and owner of the New York Giants. The referee wishes to know why a check for \$10,000 was paid by Fuller to Foley a few days before the failure and this check was never put through Foley's bank account, but was cashed by Stoneham. Other transactions will be inquired into.



Mrs. Lucy Webb Furigo and son Bobby.

Little Bobby—otherwise Robert John Webb, the child Elizabeth MacGulley, school teacher, tried to palm off on William S. Hart, screen star, as her son and his, is back with his mother, Mrs. Lucy Webb Furigo. Miss MacGulley pretended she wanted to adopt the youngster, his mother asserted. Miss MacGulley's confession, has vindicated the actor and has made possible his return to the silent drama.



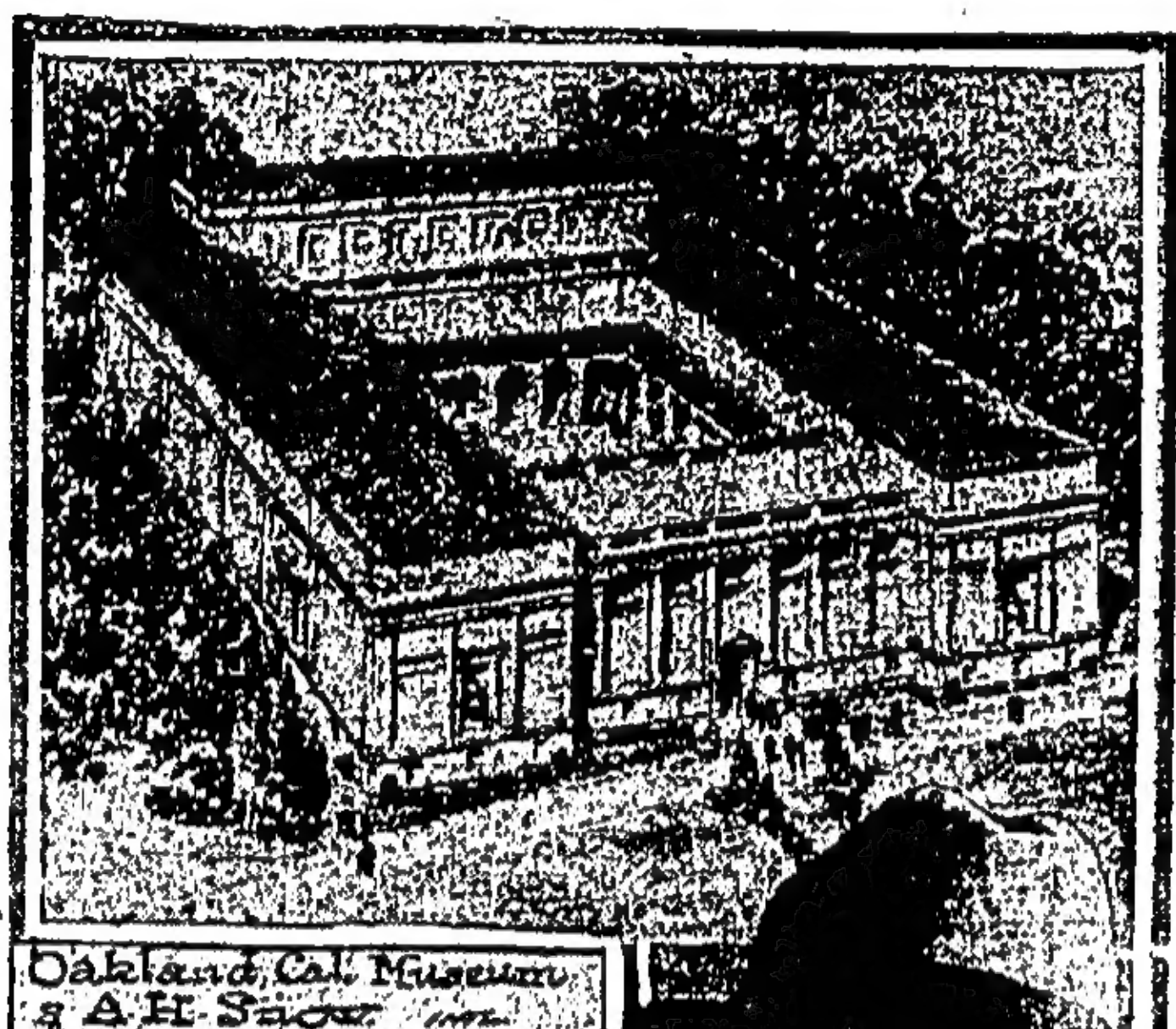
Sir Auckland Geddes.

Sir Auckland Geddes, British Ambassador to the United States, is confined to a darkened room at the Embassy, in Washington, with a serious affliction of the left eye which may result in the loss of his sight. He has been ordered to give his eyes a complete rest for several weeks.



James C. Ritter.

James C. Ritter, who four years ago was elected President of the Motion Picture Theatre Owners of America, is being hoisted for re-election.



Oakland Cal. Museum.

The new Oakland Museum, soon to rise on the shores of Lake Merritt, will house the famous H. A. Snow Exhibit, largest and most complete ever brought out of the Dark Continent. Snow spent three years in wild Africa, "shooting" with gun and camera.



Miss Florence Johnson.

Miss Florence M. Johnson, winner of the highest honour in the nursing profession—the Florence Nightingale medal—is the new acting director of the New York County Chapter, American Red Cross, and is the first woman to hold this office. She had charge of the activities of more than 10,000 nurses with the Army and the Navy during the World War.



Miss Katherine Richard.

Miss Katherine Richard, expert swimmer of Miami, Florida, saw a strange sea monster as she walked the decks of the Army transport "Thomas" which has just reached San Francisco from Manila. "I am glad I wasn't swimming then," she told reporters.

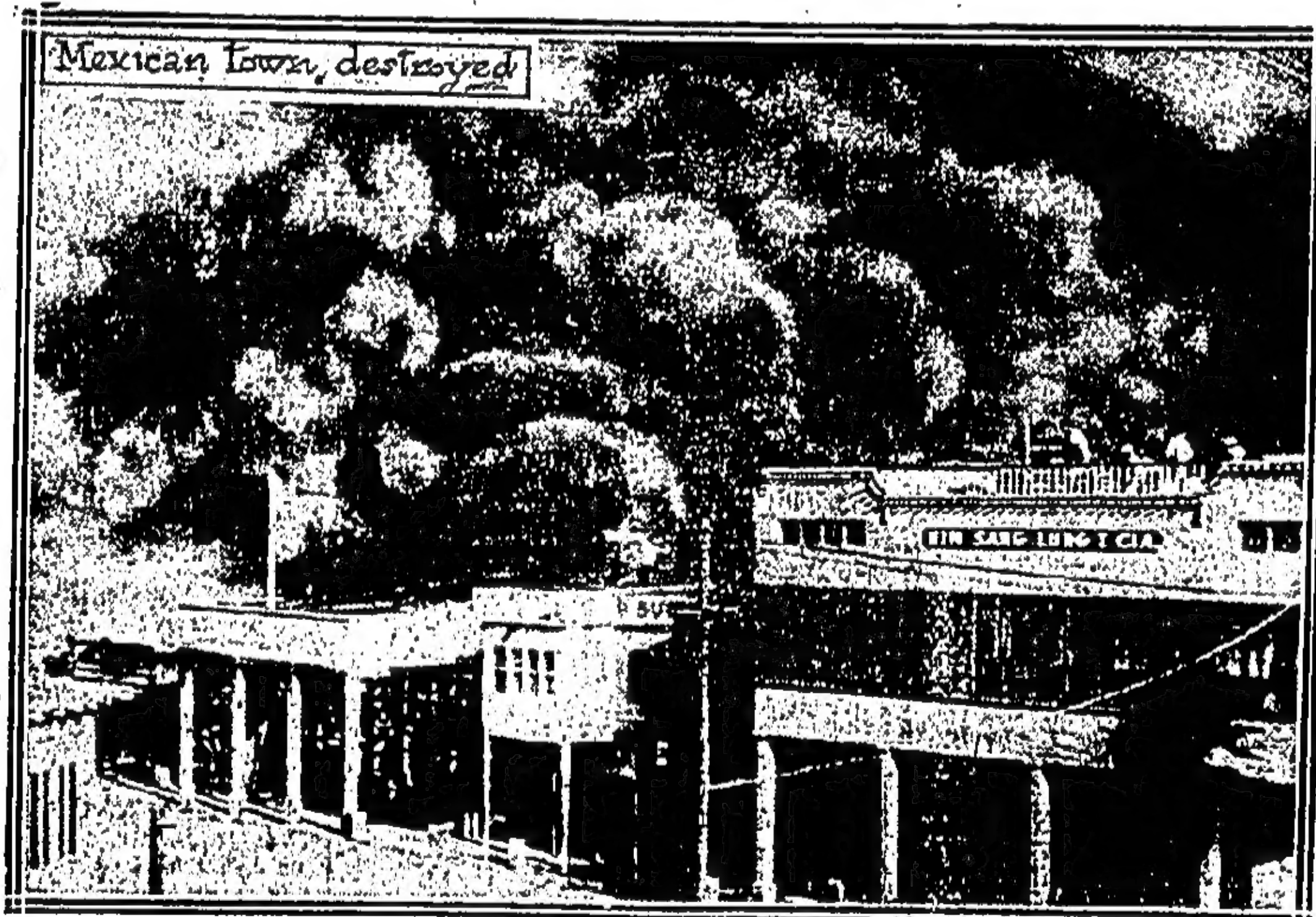


Stanley Baldwin.

Here is the latest photograph of Stanley Baldwin, formerly Chancellor of the Exchequer, who has been appointed Premier by King George. Mr. Baldwin has asked Austen Chamberlain to re-enter the Cabinet.



Instruction in safer pedestrianism was one of the features of the Safety Week campaign conducted by the New York Police Department. Officer James J. Byrne, in the guise of "Auntie Jay Walker," is shown escorting a pedestrian across Fifth avenue.



Mexicali, Mexico, was little more than a flame-swept mass of ruins two hours after a fire which started in a motion picture theatre there had driven the audience in terror to the street. Twenty lives were lost, and property damage was estimated at \$3,000,000. Mexicali is just over the border.



King George and Paul F. Skewes.

Sightseeing in Athens with some of his shipmates, First Class Radioman Paul F. Skewes rounded a corner on the palace grounds and came face to face with King George of Greece. The King being young and democratic and having been a sailor also, greeted the sailor and told him how much he appreciated the assistance rendered Greece by the men of the Navy during the great conflagration at Smyrna.

EYES RIGHT

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accuracy and cheapness.

SEE US THEN, SEE.

BRINGING UP FATHER



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INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER

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RESERVE FUND	...	23,800,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS	...	23,000,000

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Banking business transacted.

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FIXED DEPOSITS received for 1 year
at short notice.

quoted on application.
 A. H. FERGUSON,
 Manager.
 Hongkong, May 8, 1923.

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 PAID UP CAPITAL ... Frs. 68,400,000.00
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 Batambang Mongtse Shanghai

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Dilboudi	Papeete	Tientsin
Haiphong	Peking	Tourane
Hankow	Phon-Penh	Yunnan
Hanoi	Pondicherry	

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IN LONDON: The National Provincial & Union Bank of England Ltd. Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit

IN NEW YORK: J. P. Morgan & Co.,
French American Banking Corporation;
Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts
and Fixed Deposits according to ar-
rangement.
Every description of banking and
exchange business transacted.
V. MARBOT,
Acting Manager.
Hongkong, Nov. 1, 1922.

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HEAD OFFICE
HONGKONG.

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 General Banking Business transacted
CURRENT ACCOUNTS.
 2% per annum on the daily credit
 balances of over \$100.00.

INTEREST ON FIXED DEPOSITS.
 For 3 Months 3% per annum.
 For 6 Months 4% per annum.
 For 12 Months 5% per annum.

On demand 2% per annum.
LOOK POONG SHAT,
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, May 24, 1921.

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INDIA, LTD.**

HEAD OFFICE:
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Subscribed Capital 1,800,000
Paid-up Capital 1,665,000
Reserve Fund 1,200,000

"BRANCHES":
The Bank of Calcutta,
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BRANCHES:

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Bank	Kanchoi	Peking	Shanghai
India	Mota Sharna	Port Louis (Mauritius)	Singapore

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Every description of Banking and Exchange transacted.

Deposits allowed on Current Accounts at 8 per cent per annum on Daily Balance and on Fixed deposits at rates that may be ascertained on application.

N. C. WILSON,
Acting Manager.

7, Queen's Road Central
Hong Kong, May 8 1922.

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BANK, LTD**
HEAD OFFICE:
Alexandra Buildings, Chater Road
General Banking and Exchange Busi-
ness transacted.
Loans granted on approved securities.

The Bank also conducts a Savings Department

E. O. LAU,
Chief Manager.
Hongkong, Aug. 17, 1920.

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BANK, LTD.**

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IN JAPAN
ESTABLISHED 1880.

Capital fully paid up Yen 100,000,000

RESERVE FUND Yen 89,000,000
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BOMBAY NEW YORK
SINGAPORE OSAKA

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